# 13th Fiscal Period Asset Management Report

## Mitsui Fudosan Logistics Park Inc.

6-8-7 Ginza, Chuo-ku, Tokyo

From: August 1, 2022 To: January 31, 2023

#### I. To Our Unitholders

Mitsui Fudosan Logistics Park Inc. (MFLP-REIT) has ended its 13th fiscal period in January 2023 with smooth sailing, and since listing on the Tokyo Stock Exchange Real Estate Investment Trust (REIT) Market in August 2016, thanks to you, has achieved increased revenue, increased profit, and increased distributions for 12 consecutive fiscal periods.

I would like to convey my sincere appreciation to you, our unitholders, for your continued support of MFLP-REIT.

The Japanese economy has been experiencing downward pressure from on-going high prices of raw materials and a sluggish pace of recovery in the overseas economies. However economic activity is receiving a boost from the realization of pent-up demand and it is expected to recover moderately.

In the logistics market, we expect to see increases in the future in the supply of leading-edge logistics facilities. The 3PL business specializing in outsourced logistics services also continues to expand and e-commerce demand has continued at a high level. Moreover, there is also a move aimed at streamlining logistics operations among retailers such as convenience stores and drug stores. As a result, the demand for leading-edge logistics facilities is expected to continue to increase, and we consider that the leasing market is proceeding robustly. However, there are specific areas that may be impacted by the temporary increase in supply, and we will continue to pay close attention to the situation.

Going forward, MFLP-REIT will ensure appropriate and effective operation in order to boost unitholder value. I would like to ask our unitholders for their continued support and cooperation.

Shinobu Sakanoshita, President and Chief Executive Officer Mitui Fudosan Logistics REIT Management Co., Ltd.

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## II. Asset Management Report

## 1. Overview of Asset Management

## (1) Management and other performance highlights of the investment corporation

Fiscal period	l	13th period (From August 1, 2022 to January 31, 2023)	12th period (From February 1, 2022 to July 31, 2022)	11th period (From August 1, 2021 to January 31, 2022)	10th period (From February 1, 2021 to July 31, 2021)	9th period (From August 1, 2020 to January 31, 2021)
Operating revenues	(millions of yen)	10,960	10,607	9,502	9,267	8,139
[Of which: Property leasing business revenues]	(millions of yen)	[10,960]	[10,607]	[9,502]	[9,267]	[8,139]
Operating expenses	(millions of yen)	6,455	6,148	5,531	5,332	4,353
[Of which: Property leasing business expenses]	(millions of yen)	[5,271]	[5,011]	[4,506]	[4,337]	[3,471]
Operating income	(millions of yen)	4,504	4,459	3,971	3,935	3,786
Ordinary income	(millions of yen)	4,206	4,166	3,742	3,708	3,580
Net income	(millions of yen)	4,205	4,165	3,741	3,708	3,579
Total assets	(millions of yen)	336,551	339,016	294,411	296,103	285,205
[Period-on-period change]	(%)	[(0.7)]	[15.2]	[(0.6)]	[3.8]	[37.0]
Net assets	(millions of yen)	204,230	204,837	187,013	187,508	187,747
[Period-on-period change]	(%)	[(0.3)]	[9.5]	[(0.3)]	[(0.1)]	[35.0]
Interest-bearing debt	(millions of yen)	120,700	123,900	97,400	99,400	88,300
Unitholders' capital, net (Note 2)	(millions of yen)	200,025	200,671	183,272	183,800	184,168
Total number of investment units issued and outstanding	(units)	576,000	576,000	542,000	542,000	542,000
Net assets per unit	(yen)	354,567	355,619	345,043	345,956	346,398
Net income per unit (Note 3)	(yen)	7,300	7,233	6,902	6,841	7,074
Total amount of distributions	(millions of yen)	4,838	4,811	4,279	4,236	3,947
Distribution per unit	(yen)	8,401	8,353	7,895	7,816	7,283
[Of which: Distribution of earnings per unit]	(yen)	[7,301]	[7,231]	[6,902]	[6,842]	[6,604]
[Of which: Distribution in excess of retained earnings per unit]	(yen)	[1,100]	[1,122]	[993]	[974]	[679]
Ratio of ordinary income to total assets (Note 4)	(%)	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.5
[Annualized]	(%)	[2.5]	[2.7]	[2.5]	[2.6]	[2.9]
Return on equity (Note 4)	(%)	2.1	2.1	2.0	2.0	2.2
[Annualized]	(%)	[4.1]	[4.3]	[4.0]	[4.0]	[4.3]
Equity ratio at end of period (Note 4)	(%)	60.7	60.4	63.5	63.3	65.8
[Period-on-period change]		[0.3]	[(3.1)]	[0.2]	[(2.5)]	[(0.9)]
Payout ratio (Note 4)	(%)	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Other reference information						
Number of days of asset management during period	(days)	184	181	184	181	184
Number of investment properties at end of period	(properties)	24	24	21	21	20
Occupancy rate at end of period (Note 5)	(%)	99.8	99.9	100.0	100.0	100.0
Depreciation and amortization (Note 6)	(millions of yen)	2,707	2,708	2,372	2,344	2,059
Capital expenditures	(millions of yen)	227	128	338	110	178
Net operating income (NOI) from property leasing (Note 4)	(millions of yen)	8,396	8,304	7,369	7,274	6,727
Funds from operations (FFO) (Note 4)	(millions of yen)	6,913	6,873	6,113	6,052	5,639
FFO per unit (Note 4)	(yen)	12,002	11,933	11,279	11,166	10,404

Ratio of interest-bearing debt to						
total assets at end of period	(%)	35.9	36.5	33.1	33.6	31.0
(LTV ratio) (Note 4)						

- (Note 1) Unless otherwise specified, any numerical figures are rounded down to the nearest specified unit and percentage figures are rounded to the first decimal place.
- (Note 2) "Unitholders' capital, net" is the amount of "Unitholders' capital" less "Deduction from unitholders' capital."
- (Note 3) "Net income per unit" is calculated by dividing net income by the daily weighted average number of investment units. Diluted net income per unit is not stated because there are no dilutive investment units.

(Note 4) The following formulas are used in calculations.

The following formulas are used in calculations.								
Ratio of ordinary income to total assets	Ordinary income ÷ {(Total assets at beginning of period + Total assets at end of period) ÷ 2} × 100							
Return on equity	Net income $\div$ {(Net assets at beginning of period + Net assets at end of period) $\div$ 2} $\times$ 100							
Equity ratio at end of period	Net assets at end of period ÷ Total assets at end of period × 100							
Payout ratio	Distribution per unit (excluding distribution in excess of retained earnings) ÷ Net income per unit × 100 (rounded to the first decimal place)  Payout ratios for the 9th fiscal period and the 12th fiscal period are calculated by the following formula, because new investment units were issued.  Total amount of distribution (excluding distribution in excess of retained earnings) ÷ Net income × 100							
Net operating income (NOI) from property leasing	Property leasing business revenues – Property leasing business expenses + Depreciation and amortization							
Funds from operations (FFO)	Net income + Depreciation and amortization of rental properties + Loss on retirement of non-current assets ± Gain (Loss) on sales of real estate properties							
FFO per unit	FFO ÷ Total number of investment units issued and outstanding							
Ratio of interest-bearing debt to total assets at end of period (LTV ratio)	Interest-bearing debt at end of period ÷ Total assets at end of period × 100							

- (Note 5) "Occupancy rate at end of period" is leased area of the building expressed as a percentage of leasable area of the building of each real estate in trust on each lease agreement concluded for each property as at the end of the fiscal period, rounded to the first decimal place.
- (Note 6) "Depreciation and amortization" is depreciation and amortization of investment and rental property.

#### (2) Developments in management of assets in the fiscal period under review

#### i) Brief history of the investment corporation

Mitsui Fudosan Logistics Park Inc. ("MFLP-REIT"), a Japanese real estate investment corporation, was established on March 4, 2016 under the Act on Investment Trusts and Investment Corporations of Japan (Act No. 198 of 1951, including subsequent amendments; the "Investment Trust Act"), by Mitsui Fudosan Logistics REIT Management Co., Ltd. (the "Asset Management Company") as the organizer, and listed on the Real Estate Investment Trust Securities Market (J-REIT section) of Tokyo Stock Exchange, Inc. ("Tokyo Stock Exchange") on August 2, 2016 (Securities Code: 3471). MFLP-REIT held assets totaling 24 properties amounting to a total acquisition price of ¥342.2 billion as at the end of the fiscal period under review.

#### ii) Investment environment and management performance

The Japanese economy, despite being affected by the rising prices of raw materials, is on a recovering trend as progress is made in balancing measures to control the novel coronavirus disease (COVID-19) with economic activities. Capital investment has been gradually increasing. The employment and income environments overall are gradually recovering. Private consumption is on a moderate increase, despite the impact of COVID-19. In the logistics market, the 3PL business (Note) specializing in outsourced logistics services continues to expand, and e-commerce demand remains at high levels. There is also a move aimed at streamlining logistics operations among retailers such as convenience stores and drug stores, and while it cannot be denied that the spread of COVID-19 may have a negative effect on the future logistics market, the demand for leading-edge logistics facilities is expected to continue to increase.

Under such circumstances, upholding a basic policy of pursuing maximization of unitholder value by achieving sustainable growth through formation of a strategic partnership in the logistics facilities business with Mitsui Fudosan Co., Ltd. ("Mitsui Fudosan"), MFLP-REIT has conducted steady management of the 24 properties held as at the end of the fiscal period under review (total acquisition price of ¥342.2 billion) to maintain an excellent occupancy rate of 99.8% for the entire portfolio as at the end of the fiscal period under review.

MFLP-REIT is promoting initiatives for ESG. In the fiscal period under review, MFLP-REIT has issued the Mitsui Fudosan Logistics Park Inc. 2nd Unsecured Bonds (Special pari passu conditions among specified investment corporation bonds) (Green Bonds).

(Note) "3PL business" refers to the third-party logistics business (business of providing logistics services to client companies outsourcing part or all of their supply chain management functions).

#### iii) Overview of financing

In the fiscal period under review, MFLP-REIT executed debt financing of ¥1,400 million (long-term loans payable) in August 2022 and ¥2,000 million (long-term loans payable) in September 2022 to repay long-term loans payable; ¥4,700 million (short-term loans payable) in October 2022 to pay out distributions; and ¥4,600 million (short-term loans payable) in August 2022, ¥2,000 million (short-term loans payable) in November 2022 to repay short-term loans payable. Also in the fiscal period under review, MFLP-REIT executed repayments of a total of ¥21,900 million (short-term loans payable of ¥18,500 million; long-term loans payable of ¥3,400 million) using funds from part of short-term loans payable and internal reserve arising from depreciation, etc. Furthermore, in November 2022, MFLP-REIT raised ¥2,000 million through the issuance of 2nd Unsecured Bonds (Special pari passu conditions among specified investment corporation bonds) (Green Bonds). As a result, at the end of the fiscal period under review, the balance of interest-bearing debt was ¥120,700 million (current portion of long-term loans payable of ¥9,600 million; investment corporation bonds of ¥5,000 million; long-term loans payable of ¥106,100 million) and the ratio of interest-bearing debt to total assets (LTV ratio) was 35.9%.

The following is the rating obtained by MFLP-REIT as at the end of the fiscal period under review.

Credit rating agency	Rating details	Outlook
Japan Credit Rating Agency, Ltd. (JCR)	Long-term issuer rating: AA	Stable

#### iv) Summary of business performance and distributions

Through the management described above, business performance for the fiscal period under review resulted in operating revenues of \(\frac{\pmathbf{4}}{10,960}\) million, operating income of \(\frac{\pmathbf{4}}{4,504}\) million, ordinary income of \(\frac{\pmathbf{4}}{4,206}\) million, and net income of \(\frac{\pmathbf{4}}{4,205}\) million. In accordance with the distribution policy as defined in the Articles of Incorporation of MFLP-REIT, distributions for the fiscal period under review shall be subject to application of special provisions for taxation of investment corporations (Article 67-15 of the Act on Special Measures Concerning Taxation). Based on this, MFLP-REIT declared the distribution of \(\frac{\pmathbf{4}}{4,205,376,000}\), which is the integral multiple of the total number of investment units issued and outstanding (576,000 units) of unappropriated retained earnings. Accordingly, MFLP-REIT declared distribution of earnings per unit of \(\frac{\pmathbf{7}}{7,301}\).

In addition, in accordance with the distribution policy as defined in the Articles of Incorporation, MFLP-REIT shall execute distributions of cash in excess of retained earnings each fiscal period on a continuous basis in principle (Note 1). Based on this, MFLP-REIT declared the distribution of \(\frac{4}{633}\) million, which is the amount almost equivalent to the remaining amount after subtracting the distribution of earnings of \(\frac{4}{4},205\) million from \(\frac{4}{4},839\) million or 70% of FFO (Note 2), as return of capital applicable to distribution reducing unitholders' capital for tax purposes. Accordingly, MFLP-REIT declared distribution in excess of retained earnings per unit of \(\frac{4}{1},100\).

- (Note 1) In addition to the continuous distributions in excess of retained earnings, in cases where the distribution amount for distribution per unit is expected to temporarily decline by a certain degree due to such factors as the procurement of funds through the issuance of new investment units, etc., a temporary distribution in excess of retained earnings may be executed by MFLP-REIT in order to standardize the amount of the distribution per unit.
  - However, from the perspective of continuing to maintain owned assets for a long period of time, in cases where the above distribution of cash is executed, and where the amount equal to the equivalent of depreciation and amortization for the applicable operating period minus the amount of the distribution in excess of retained earnings for the applicable operating period falls below the standard amount of capital for building maintenance (Note 3), the distribution in excess of retained earnings will be decreased by a maximum amount that the distribution amount does not fall below the total equivalent of the distribution of earnings, and this may lead to cases where distribution in excess of retained earnings will not be executed. In addition, from the perspective of continuing stable financial management, distributions in excess of retained earnings will not be executed in cases where the appraisal LTV ratio (Note 4) exceeds 60% in the event that the above distribution of cash is executed.
- (Note 2) "FFO" is an acronym for funds from operation and refers to the figure calculated by adding depreciation and amortization of rental properties for the applicable operating period and loss on retirement of non-current assets to net income (excluding gain (loss) on sales of real estate properties, etc.).
- (Note 3) "Standard amount of capital for building maintenance" refers to the amount that results by multiplying the six-month-equivalent amount of the 12-year-average amount of the amount equivalent to the capital expenditure amount noted in the Building Condition Evaluation Report by two.
- (Note 4) Appraisal LTV ratio (%) =  $A/B \times 100$  (%)
  - A = Total interest-bearing debt on the applicable accounts settlement date
  - B = Total assets on the balance sheets on the applicable accounts settlement date Amount of book value after depreciation of owned real estate on the applicable accounts settlement date + Appraisal value of owned real estate on the applicable accounts settlement date

## (3) Status of capital increase, etc.

The following are the changes in the total number of investment units issued and outstanding and unitholders' capital, net of MFLP-REIT for the most recent five years.

Date	Date Description		Total number of investment units issued and outstanding (units)		Unitholders' capital, net (Note 1) (millions of yen)		
	·	Increase (Decrease)	Balance	Increase (Decrease)	Balance		
February 1, 2018	Capital increase through public offering	38,000	262,000	13,495	71,745	(Note 2)	
February 28, 2018	Capital increase through third-party allotment	774	262,774	274	72,020	(Note 3)	
April 23, 2018	Distribution of cash in excess of retained earnings (return of capital)	_	262,774	(61)	71,958	(Note 4)	
October 19, 2018	Distribution of cash in excess of retained earnings (return of capital)	_	262,774	(88)	71,870	(Note 5)	
February 1, 2019	Capital increase through public offering	110,700	373,474	33,617	105,488	(Note 6)	
February 27, 2019	Capital increase through third-party allotment	5,526	379,000	1,678	107,166	(Note 7)	
April 23, 2019	Distribution of cash in excess of retained earnings (return of capital)		379,000	(84)	107,081	(Note 8)	
October 15, 2019	Distribution of cash in excess of retained earnings (return of capital)	_	379,000	(259)	106,822	(Note 9)	
February 3, 2020	Capital increase through public offering	59,000	438,000	28,289	135,111	(Note 10)	
February 27, 2020	Capital increase through third-party allotment	3,000	441,000	1,438	136,549	(Note 11)	
April 23, 2020	Distribution of cash in excess of retained earnings (return of capital)	_	441,000	(257)	136,292	(Note 12)	
October 5, 2020	Capital increase through public offering	96,190	537,190	45,922	182,214	(Note 13)	
October 19, 2020	Capital increase through third-party allotment	4,810	542,000	2,296	184,510	(Note 14)	
October 21, 2020	Distribution of cash in excess of retained earnings (return of capital)	_	542,000	(342)	184,168	(Note 15)	
April 22, 2021	Distribution of cash in excess of retained earnings (return of capital)	_	542,000	(368)	183,800	(Note 16)	
October 12, 2021	Distribution of cash in excess of retained earnings (return of capital)	_	542,000	(527)	183,272	(Note 17)	
February 1, 2022	Capital increase through public offering	32,380	574,380	17,082	200,355	(Note 18)	

Date Description		issued and	investment units outstanding its)	Unitholders (No (million	Remarks	
		Increase (Decrease)	Balance	Increase (Decrease)	Balance	
February 24, 2022	Capital increase through third-party allotment	1,620	576,000	854	201,209	(Note 19)
April 22, 2022	Distribution of cash in excess of retained earnings (return of capital)		576,000	(538)	200,671	(Note 20)
October 21, 2022	Distribution of cash in excess of retained earnings (return of capital)		576,000	(646)	200,025	(Note 21)
April 21, 2023	Distribution of cash in excess of retained earnings (return of capital)	_	576,000	(633)	199,391	(Note 22)

- (Note 1) "Unitholders' capital, net" is the amount of "Unitholders' capital" less "Deduction from unitholders' capital."
- (Note 2) New investment units were issued through public offering at an issue price of \(\pm\)367,581 (paid-in amount of \(\pm\)355,139) per unit mainly for the purpose of procuring funds for acquisition of new properties.
- (Note 3) Accompanying the public offering, new investment units were issued through third-party allotment at a paid-in amount of ¥355,139 per unit.
- (Note 4) By resolution of the Board of Directors of MFLP-REIT at its meeting held on March 15, 2018, distribution of cash in excess of retained earnings (return of capital applicable to distribution reducing unitholders' capital for tax purposes) of ¥275 per unit was declared as distribution of cash for the 3rd fiscal period (fiscal period ended January 31, 2018), the payout of which commenced on April 23, 2018.
- (Note 5) By resolution of the Board of Directors of MFLP-REIT at its meeting held on September 14, 2018, distribution of cash in excess of retained earnings (return of capital applicable to distribution reducing unitholders' capital for tax purposes) of ¥335 per unit was declared as distribution of cash for the 4th fiscal period (fiscal period ended July 31, 2018), the payout of which commenced on October 19, 2018.
- (Note 6) New investment units were issued through public offering at an issue price of ¥313,986 (paid-in amount of ¥303,680) per unit mainly for the purpose of procuring funds for acquisition of new properties.
- (Note 7) Accompanying the public offering, new investment units were issued through third-party allotment at a paid-in amount of \(\frac{x}{3}\)03,680 per unit.
- (Note 8) By resolution of the Board of Directors of MFLP-REIT at its meeting held on March 15, 2019, distribution of cash in excess of retained earnings (return of capital applicable to distribution reducing unitholders' capital for tax purposes) of ¥322 per unit was declared as distribution of cash for the 5th fiscal period (fiscal period ended January 31, 2019), the payout of which commenced on April 23, 2019.
- (Note 9) By resolution of the Board of Directors of MFLP-REIT at its meeting held on September 13, 2019, distribution of cash in excess of retained earnings (return of capital applicable to distribution reducing unitholders' capital for tax purposes) of ¥685 per unit was declared as distribution of cash for the 6th fiscal period (fiscal period ended July 31, 2019), the payout of which commenced on October 15, 2019.
- (Note 10) New investment units were issued through public offering at an issue price of ¥495,747 (paid-in amount of ¥479,476) per unit mainly for the purpose of procuring funds for acquisition of new properties.
- (Note 11) Accompanying the public offering, new investment units were issued through third-party allotment at a paid-in amount of \( \frac{\pma}{4} 479,476 \) per unit.
- (Note 12) By resolution of the Board of Directors of MFLP-REIT at its meeting held on March 13, 2020, distribution of cash in excess of retained earnings (return of capital applicable to distribution reducing unitholders' capital for tax purposes) of ¥679 per unit was declared as distribution of cash for the 7th fiscal period (fiscal period ended January 31, 2020), the payout of which commenced on April 23, 2020.
- (Note 13) New investment units were issued through public offering at an issue price of ¥493,350 (paid-in amount of ¥477,411) per unit mainly for the purpose of procuring funds for acquisition of new properties.
- (Note 14) Accompanying the public offering, new investment units were issued through third-party allotment at a paid-in amount of ¥477,411 per unit.
- (Note 15) By resolution of the Board of Directors of MFLP-REIT at its meeting held on September 16, 2020, distribution of cash in excess of retained earnings (return of capital applicable to distribution reducing unitholders' capital for tax purposes) of ¥777 per unit was declared as distribution of cash for the 8th fiscal period (fiscal period ended July 31, 2020), the payout of which commenced on October 21, 2020.
- (Note 16) By resolution of the Board of Directors of MFLP-REIT at its meeting held on March 12, 2021, distribution of cash in excess of retained earnings (return of capital applicable to distribution reducing unitholders' capital for tax purposes) of ¥679 per unit was declared as distribution of cash for the 9th fiscal period (fiscal period ended January 31, 2021), the payout of which commenced on April 22, 2021.
- (Note 17) By resolution of the Board of Directors of MFLP-REIT at its meeting held on September 14, 2021, distribution of cash in excess of retained earnings (return of capital applicable to distribution reducing unitholders' capital for tax purposes) of ¥974 per unit was declared as distribution of cash for the 10th fiscal period (fiscal period ended July 31, 2021), the payout of which commenced on October 12, 2021.
- (Note 18) New investment units were issued through public offering at an issue price of ¥545,190 (paid-in amount of ¥527,576) per unit mainly for the purpose of procuring funds for acquisition of new properties.
- (Note 19) Accompanying the public offering, new investment units were issued through third-party allotment at a paid-in amount of ¥527,576 per unit.

- (Note 20) By resolution of the Board of Directors of MFLP-REIT at its meeting held on March 15, 2022, distribution of cash in excess of retained earnings (return of capital applicable to distribution reducing unitholders' capital for tax purposes) of ¥993 per unit was declared as distribution of cash for the 11th fiscal period (fiscal period ended January 31, 2022), the payout of which commenced on April 22, 2022.
- (Note 21) By resolution of the Board of Directors of MFLP-REIT at its meeting held on September 14, 2022, distribution of cash in excess of retained earnings (return of capital applicable to distribution reducing unitholders' capital for tax purposes) of ¥1,122 per unit was declared as distribution of cash for the 12th fiscal period (fiscal period ended July 31, 2022), the payout of which commenced on October 21, 2022.
- (Note 22) By resolution of the Board of Directors of MFLP-REIT at its meeting held on March 14, 2023, distribution of cash in excess of retained earnings (return of capital applicable to distribution reducing unitholders' capital for tax purposes) of ¥1,100 per unit was declared as distribution of cash for the 13th fiscal period (fiscal period ended January 31, 2023), the payout of which commenced on April 21, 2023.

#### [Historical market price of investment securities]

The following are the highest and lowest prices (closing price) by fiscal period on the Tokyo Stock Exchange Real Estate Investment Trust Securities Market on which MFLP-REIT investment securities are listed.

Fiscal period	13th period (From August 1, 2022 to January 31, 2023)	12th period (From February 1, 2022 to July 31, 2022)	11th period (From August 1, 2021 to January 31, 2022)	10th period (From February 1, 2021 to July 31, 2021)	9th period (From August 1, 2020 to January 31, 2021)
Highest (yen)	550,000	590,000	652,000	627,000	596,000
Lowest (yen)	440,000	487,500	560,000	467,000	478,500

## (4) Distribution

The following is the distribution, etc. performance up to the fiscal period under review.

Fiscal period		13th period (From August 1, 2022 to January 31, 2023)	12th period (From February 1, 2022 to July 31, 2022)	11th period (From August 1, 2021 to January 31, 2022)	10th period (From February 1, 2021 to July 31, 2021)	9th period (From August 1, 2020 to January 31, 2021)
Total amount of unappropriated retained earnings	(thousands of yen)	4,205,480	4,165,308	3,741,033	3,708,373	3,579,722
Retained earnings	(thousands of yen)	104	252	149	9	354
Total amount of distribution of cash	(thousands of yen)	4,838,976	4,811,328	4,279,090	4,236,272	3,947,386
[Distribution per unit]	(yen)	[8,401]	[8,353]	[7,895]	[7,816]	[7,283]
Of which: Total amount of distribution of earnings	(thousands of yen)	4,205,376	4,165,056	3,740,884	3,708,364	3,579,368
[Distribution of earnings per unit]	(yen)	[7,301]	[7,231]	[6,902]	[6,842]	[6,604]
Of which: Total amount of return of capital	(thousands of yen)	633,600	646,272	538,206	527,908	368,018
[Return of capital per unit]	(yen)	[1,100]	[1,122]	[993]	[974]	[679]
Of total amount of return of capital: Total amount of distribution from allowance for temporary difference adjustment	(thousands of yen)	_	_	_	_	_
[Of return of capital per unit: Distribution from allowance for temporary difference adjustment per unit]	(yen)	I	l	_	l	_
Of total amount of return of capital: Total amount of distribution from distribution reducing unitholders' capital for tax purposes	(thousands of yen)	633,600	646,272	538,206	527,908	368,018
[Of return of capital per unit: Distribution from distribution reducing unitholders' capital for tax purposes]	(yen)	[1,100]	[1,122]	[993]	[974]	[679]

(Note) For a summary of MFLP-REIT's distribution policy and distributions for the fiscal period under review, please refer to "(2) Developments in management of assets in the fiscal period under review; iv) Summary of business performance and distributions" presented earlier in this document.

#### (5) Future management policy and issues to be addressed

MFLP-REIT has established a strategic and collaborative partnership in the logistics facilities business with Mitsui Fudosan, under which it seeks to maximize unitholder value by focusing investments primarily in logistics facilities as a basic policy. Based on this policy, in addition to expansion of asset size for the purpose of further stabilizing the revenues base continuing into future periods, MFLP-REIT will perform stable and efficient financial management by addressing changes in the external and internal environment to maximize unitholder value.

#### i) External growth strategy

"External growth based on the growth potential and extensive pipeline of Mitsui Fudosan's logistics facilities business" MFLP-REIT aims for continuous growth by focusing investments on MFLP facilities (leading-edge logistics facilities with Mitsui Fudosan quality (Note 1)), utilizing the right of first look and preferential negotiation based on "Right of first look and preferential negotiation agreement" that was concluded with Mitsui Fudosan, which boasts high growth in the logistics facilities business, and the Asset Management Company.

(Note 1) Based on the principles of "harmonious coexistence" and "linking diverse values" set by the Mitsui Fudosan Group (Note 2), Mitsui Fudosan's logistics facilities business keeps up efforts aimed at not only providing logistics facilities space but also creating value beyond conventional boundaries. In order to achieve this, MFLP-REIT incorporates the highly-specialized and advanced management, operational know-how, etc. accumulated in the office building business, retail properties business, etc. and the know-how, etc. accumulated through urban development as a comprehensive real estate company. It also captures the diverse needs that change with the times of the various stakeholders associated with logistics facilities (tenants, people working at the logistics facilities, and local community). MFLP-REIT refers to the quality of logistics facilities realized through these efforts by the name "Mitsui Fudosan quality."

(Note 2) "Mitsui Fudosan Group" refers to a corporate group comprising Mitsui Fudosan, Mitsui Fudosan's consolidated subsidiaries and Mitsui Fudosan's associates accounted for using the equity method. The same shall apply hereinafter.

#### ii) Internal growth strategy

"Stable management using the Platform (business foundation) and client network of the Mitsui Fudosan Group"

MFLP-REIT aims for stable management by utilizing the Platform (business foundation) and client network that the Mitsui Fudosan Group has developed over years as a comprehensive real estate company.

#### iii) Financial strategy

"Financial and cash management with an emphasis on stability and efficiency"

MFLP-REIT will manage its finances stably, including funds raised through the issuance of new investment units and borrowings, and at the same time it will aim to secure both stable distribution levels and efficient cash management for distributions through continuous distributions in excess of retained earnings (return of capital) based on cash flow (FFO).

#### (6) Significant subsequent events

### i) Acquisitions of properties

MFLP-REIT acquired the trust beneficiary interests for the following asset on February 1, 2023.

Category	Property no.	Property name	Location	Acquisition price (millions of yen) (Note)
Logistics facilities	L-23	MFLP Osaka Katano	Katano-shi, Osaka	16,500

#### (Note)

"Acquisition price" is the purchase price of trust beneficiary interest as set forth in the agreement for sale and purchase of trust beneficiary interest for the acquired asset (excluding the various costs required in the acquisition), rounded down to the nearest million yen.

#### ii) Borrowing of funds

MFLP-REIT has borrowed the following funds to apply to part of the acquisition funds and related expenses for the real estate trust beneficiary interests in the above "i) Acquisitions of properties."

a) Short-term loans payable

Lender	Borrowing amount (millions of yen)	Interest rate	Drawdown date	Repayment date	Repayment method	Collateral
Mizuho Bank, Ltd.	2,500	0.0262%	February 1, 2023	February 15, 2023	Bullet repayment	Unsecured Non-guaranteed
Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Bank, Limited	1,000	0.1018%	February 1, 2023	March 1, 2023 (Note)	Bullet repayment	Unsecured Non-guaranteed
The Bank of Fukuoka, Ltd.	3,000	0.1018%	February 1, 2023	March 1, 2023 (Note)	Bullet repayment	Unsecured Non-guaranteed
Total borrowing amount	6,500	<del>_</del>	_	_	_	_

(Note) On the repayment date, MFLP-REIT carried out refinancing for the same amount as the borrowing amount of the funds borrowed on February 1, 2023 (interest rate: 0.1082%, repayment date: April 3, 2023, bullet repayment, and unsecured/non-guaranteed). Afterwards, on April 3, 2023, MFLP-REIT carried out refinancing for the same amount as the borrowing amount of the funds borrowed on March 1, 2023 (interest rate: 0.1127%, repayment date: May 8, 2023, bullet repayment, and unsecured/non-guaranteed).

In addition, on May 8, 2023, MFLP-REIT carried out refinancing for the same amount as the borrowing amount of the funds borrowed on April 3, 2023 (interest rate: 0.0246%, Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Bank, Limited; interest rate: 0.05%, The Bank of Fukuoka, Ltd.; repayment date: May 19, 2023; bullet repayment; and unsecured/non-guaranteed), and on May 19, 2023, MFLP-REIT repaid the borrowings of \(\frac{\pmathbf{\text{1}}}{1.0}\) billion from Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Bank, Limited and carried out refinancing for the borrowings from The Bank of Fukuoka, Ltd., reducing the balance of borrowings by \(\frac{\pmathbf{\text{1}}}{1.0}\) billion from \(\frac{\pmathbf{\text{2}}}{3.0}\) billion to \(\frac{\pmathbf{\text{2}}}{2.0}\) billion (interest rate: 0.0946%, repayment date: June 19, 2023, bullet repayment, and unsecured/non-guaranteed).

b) Long-term l	oans payable						
Lei	nder	Borrowing amount (millions of yen)	Interest rate (Note 1)	Drawdown date	Repayment date (Note 5)	Repayment method	Collateral
	Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation	500	0.50% (Note 2)			Bullet repayment	Unsecured
	Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Bank, Limited	500	0.5875% (Note 2)	February 1, 2023	February 1, 2027		Non- guaranteed
	MUFG Bank, Ltd.	300	0.5375% (Note 2)				
	The Norinchukin Bank	500					
	Daishi Hokuetsu Bank, Ltd.	400	0.9663%	February 1,	February 1,	Bullet	Unsecured Non-
	The Yamagata Bank, Ltd.	400	(Note 3)	2023	2030	repayment	guaranteed
	Kiraboshi Bank, Ltd.	300					
	The Bank of Fukuoka, Ltd.	500					Unsecured
	The Hachijuni Bank, Ltd.	500	1.0175% (Note 3)	February 1, 2023			
Syndicate of 21	The Chiba Bank, Ltd.	400			August 1, 2030	Bullet repayment	Non- guaranteed
	The Joyo Bank, Ltd.	400					guaranteed
banks arranged by Sumitomo	The Keiyo Bank, Ltd.	400					
Mitsui Banking Corporation	Shinkin Central Bank	500			August 2, 2032	Bullet repayment	Unsecured Non- guaranteed
(Sustainability Linked Loan)	Momiji Bank, Ltd.	400	1.2265% (Note 4)	February 1, 2023			
	The Bank of Kyoto, Ltd.	400	, ,				
	Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation	400					
	Mizuho Bank, Ltd.	500					
	Mizuho Trust & Banking Co., Ltd.	500					
	The Yamaguchi Bank, Ltd.	500	1 27120/	F.1 1	F.11	D. 11.	Unsecured
	SBI Shinsei Bank, Limited (Note 6)	500	1.2713% (Note 4)	February 1, 2023	February 1, 2033	Bullet repayment	Non- guaranteed
	Sumitomo Life Insurance Company	500					
	Nippon Life Insurance Company	500					
	Kiraboshi Bank, Ltd.	200					
Total borrowing	amount	10,000	_		_		

(Note 1) The first interest payment date is the last day of July 2023, and thereafter the interest payment date will be the last day of January and July until and including the repayment date. (If each interest payment date is not a business day, such interest payment date shall be on the next business day. Provided, however, that such interest payment date shall be on the preceding business day if such next business day falls into the next month.) In addition, since the borrowing is financed by a Sustainability Linked Loan, the interest rate from the timing of the determination to the repayment date will change according to the achievement status of the Sustainability Performance Target ("SPT") as described in (Note 2) through (Note 4).

- (Note 2) SPT: 60% reduction of CO2 emission intensity borne by owners (Scope 1 and 2) in logistics facilities as of the end of 2024 compared to 2016

  Applicable period: From the beginning of the first interest calculation period that falls after the end of July 2025 until the principal repayment date
  - 1) If emissions intensity is reduced by 60% (Achievement of SPT): Initial interest rate 0.01%
  - 2) If the emissions intensity increases compared to 2016 (SPT Not Achieved): Initial interest rate + 0.01% If neither 1) nor 2) applies (SPT Not Achieved): Initial interest rate
- (Note 3) SPT: 90% reduction of CO2 emission intensity borne by owners (Scope 1 and 2) in logistics facilities as of the end of 2027 compared to 2016

  Applicable period: From the beginning of the first interest calculation period that falls after the end of July 2028 until the principal repayment date
  - 1) If emissions intensity is reduced by 90% (Achievement of SPT): Initial interest rate 0.02%
  - 2) If the emissions intensity increases compared to 2016 (SPT Not Achieved): Initial interest rate + 0.02% If neither 1) nor 2) applies (SPT Not Achieved): Initial interest rate
- (Note 4) SPT: 100% reduction of CO2 emission intensity borne by owners (Scope 1 and 2) in logistics facilities as of the end of 2030 compared to 2016

  Applicable period: From the beginning of the first interest calculation period that falls after the end of July 2031 until the principal repayment date
  - 1) If emissions intensity is reduced by 100% (Achievement of SPT): Initial interest rate 0.02%
  - 2) If the emissions intensity increases compared to 2016 (SPT Not Achieved): Initial interest rate + 0.02% If neither 1) nor 2) applies (SPT Not Achieved): Initial interest rate
- (Note 5) If each repayment date is not a business day, such repayment date shall be on the next business day. Provided, however, that such repayment date shall be on the preceding business day if such next business day falls into the next month.
- (Note 6) The lender name was changed on January 4, 2023, from Shinsei Bank, Limited to SBI Shinsei Bank, Limited.

## 2. Overview of the Investment Corporation

## (1) Status of investments in capital

Fiscal perio	d	13th period (January 31, 2023)	12th period (July 31, 2022)	11th period (January 31, 2022)	10th period (July 31, 2021)	9th period (January 31, 2021)
Total number of investment units authorized	(units)	8,000,000	8,000,000	8,000,000	8,000,000	8,000,000
Total number of investment units issued and outstanding	(units)	576,000	576,000	542,000	542,000	542,000
Unitholders' capital, net (Note)	(millions of yen)	200,025	200,671	183,272	183,800	184,168
Number of unitholders	(unitholders)	8,022	7,847	7,216	7,446	8,253

<sup>(</sup>Note) "Unitholders' capital, net" is the amount of "Unitholders' capital" less "Deduction from unitholders' capital."

#### (2) Major unitholders

Of the unitholders as of January 31, 2023, the following are the top ten unitholders in terms of investment unit-holding ratio.

Name	Number of investment units owned (units)	Number of investment units owned expressed as a percentage of total number of investment units issued and outstanding (%)  (Note)
Custody Bank of Japan, Ltd. (trust account)	109,826	19.06
The Master Trust Bank of Japan, Ltd. (trust account)	92,484	16.05
Mitsui Fudosan Co., Ltd.	28,900	5.01
The Nomura Trust and Banking Co., Ltd. (investment trust account)	25,651	4.45
SMBC Nikko Securities Inc.	12,336	2.14
Stichting Pensioenfonds Zorg en Welzijn	12,257	2.12
State Street Bank and Trust Company 505103	9,394	1.63
State Street Bank West Client - Treaty 505234	8,767	1.52
SSBTC Client Omnibus Account	8,013	1.39
The Bank of New York Mellon 140044	7,850	1.36
Total	315,478	54.77

<sup>(</sup>Note) "Number of investment units owned expressed as a percentage of total number of investment units issued and outstanding" is rounded down to the second decimal places.

#### (3) Matters concerning directors, etc.

### i) Executive director, supervisory directors and independent auditor in the fiscal period under review

Position	Name	Key concurrently-held position, etc.	Total amount of compensation by position for the applicable operating period (thousands of yen)
Executive director	Hiroshi Asai	_	3,000
	Izuru Goto	Attorney, City-Yuwa Partners	1,800
Supervisory director	Eiko Osawa	Representative, Osawa Certified Public Accountant Office Certified Public Accountant	1,800
Independent auditor	KPMG AZSA LLC	_	10,000

<sup>(</sup>Note 1) As of January 31, 2023, Executive Director Hiroshi Asai owns six MFLP-REIT investment units in his own name. In addition, as of January 31, 2023, Supervisory Directors Izuru Goto and Eiko Osawa do not own MFLP-REIT investment units in their own name or in the name of others.

#### ii) Policy for deciding on dismissal and refusal of reappointment of the independent auditor

Decisions are made at a meeting of the Board of Directors of MFLP-REIT by taking into account the various circumstances in a comprehensive manner.

## iii) Matters concerning indemnity agreements between directors, etc. and MFLP-REIT Not applicable.

#### (4) Matters concerning directors and officers liability insurance policy

MFLP-REIT has entered into a directors and officers liability insurance policy as follows.

Scope of insureds	Summary of insurance policy
All executive directors and supervisory directors of MFLP-REIT	(Summary of insurance incidents covered)  Pursuant to the provisions of Article 116-3, paragraph (1) of the Investment Trust Act, MFLP-REIT has entered into a directors and officers liability insurance policy with an insurance company. The insurance policy covers certain losses incurred by an insured due to the receipt of claims for damages arising from the performance of duties as a director of MFLP- REIT.  (Portion of insurance premiums borne) The full amount of the insurance premiums for the insurance policy is borne by MFLP-REIT.  (Measures to ensure that the proper performance of duties is not impaired)
	The insurance policy contains coverage exclusions, such as damages resulting from deliberate intent or gross negligence are not covered.

<sup>(</sup>Note 2) Supervisory directors may be directors of other corporations other than those stated above, but none of them, including those above, have any interest in MFLP-REIT.

<sup>(</sup>Note 3) The amount for the independent auditor represents the amount payable as compensation for the audit for the fiscal period under review, plus the compensation for the audit of English financial statements (¥2,200 thousand).

## (5) Asset management company, custodian, and general administrators

The following are the asset management company, custodian and general administrators as of January 31, 2023.

Entrustment category	Name
Asset management company	Mitsui Fudosan Logistics REIT Management Co., Ltd.
Custodian	Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Bank, Limited
General administrator (transfer agent)	Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Bank, Limited
General administrator (institutional)	Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Bank, Limited
General administrator (administration related to	Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation, Sumitomo Mitsui Trust
investment corporation bonds)	Bank, Limited
General administrator (accounting)	Reiwa Accounting Holdings Co., Ltd.
General administrator (tax payment)	Reiwakaikeisha Tax Corporation

#### 3. Status of Assets under Management of the Investment Corporation

#### (1) Composition of assets of the investment corporation

				period ary 31, 2023)	12th period (As of July 31, 2022)		
Type of asset	Use	Geographic classification (Note 1)	Total amount held (millions of yen) (Note 2)	As a percentage of total assets (%) (Note 3)	Total amount held (millions of yen) (Note 2)	As a percentage of total assets (%) (Note 3)	
		Tokyo metropolitan area	165,571	49.2	166,712	49.2	
	Logistics facilities	Kansai area	93,654	27.8	94,316	27.8	
		Other areas	41,158	12.2	41,607	12.3	
Real estate in trust	n Subtotal		300,385	89.3	302,637	89.3	
(Note 4) (Note 5)		Tokyo metropolitan area	26,237	7.8	26,465	7.8	
	Industrial real estate (Note 6)	Kansai area	_	_	_	_	
	(Note 0)	Other areas	_	_	_	_	
		Subtotal	26,237	7.8	26,465	7.8	
	Real estate in trust total		326,622	97.0	329,102	97.1	
	Deposits and other assets		9,928	3.0	9,913	2.9	
	Total assets		336,551	100.0	339,016	100.0	

<sup>(</sup>Note 1) "Tokyo metropolitan area" refers to Tokyo, Kanagawa Prefecture, Chiba Prefecture, Saitama Prefecture and Ibaraki Prefecture. "Kansai area" refers to Osaka Prefecture, Kyoto Prefecture, Hyogo Prefecture, Nara Prefecture and Shiga Prefecture.

- (Note 3) "As a percentage of total assets" is rounded to the first decimal place.
- (Note 4) "Real estate in trust" refers to real estate of trust beneficiary interests that have mainly real estate in trust.
- (Note 5) For real estate in trust, the amount does not include the amount of construction in progress in trust.
- (Note 6) "Industrial real estate" refers to data centers, communications facilities, research facilities, factories, supply and treatment facilities, and other real estate serving as corporate bases. The same shall apply hereinafter.

<sup>(</sup>Note 2) "Total amount held" is based on the carrying amount (for real estate in trust, the book value after depreciation and amortization) as at the end of each accounting period, rounded down to the nearest million yen.

## (2) Major assets held

The following summarizes the assets held by MFLP-REIT as of January 31, 2023.

_		-	•			
Name of real estate, etc.	Book value (millions of yen)	Leasable area (m²) (Note 1)	Leased area (m²) (Note 2)	Occupancy rate (%) (Note 3)	As a percentage of total property leasing business revenues (%)	Main use
GLP/MFLP Ichikawa Shiohama (Note 4)	14,617	50,813	50,813	100.0	4.5	Logistics facilities
MFLP Kuki	11,306	67,925	67,925	100.0	4.4	Logistics facilities
MFLP Yokohama Daikoku (Note 4)	9,551	47,939	47,939	100.0	3.3	Logistics facilities
MFLP Yashio	8,943	39,692	39,692	100.0	Not disclosed (Note 5)	Logistics facilities
MFLP Atsugi	7,059	40,958	40,958	100.0	Not disclosed (Note 5)	Logistics facilities
MFLP Funabashi Nishiura	6,362	31,034	31,034	100.0	Not disclosed (Note 5)	Logistics facilities
MFLP Kashiwa	5,710	31,291	31,291	100.0	Not disclosed (Note 5)	Logistics facilities
MFLP Sakai	22,578	112,148	112,148	100.0	7.9	Logistics facilities
MFLP Komaki	7,454	38,806	38,806	100.0	Not disclosed (Note 5)	Logistics facilities
MFLP Hino (Note 4)	11,887	46,801	46,801	100.0	3.6	Logistics facilities
MFLP Hiratsuka	6,596	33,055	33,055	100.0	Not disclosed (Note 5)	Logistics facilities
MFLP Tsukuba	8,231	building: 37,938	Existing building: 37,938 Annex building: 25,600	100.0	Not disclosed (Note 5)	Logistics facilities
MFLP Inazawa	14,950	68,922	68,922	100.0	Not disclosed (Note 5)	Logistics facilities
MFLP Atsugi II	12,318	48,032	48,032	100.0	Not disclosed (Note 5)	Logistics facilities
MFLP Fukuoka I	4,874	32,216	32,216	100.0	Not disclosed (Note 5)	Logistics facilities
MFLP Prologis Park Kawagoe (Note 4)	14,288	56,723	53,410	94.2	4.1	Logistics facilities

Name of real estate, etc.	Book value (millions of yen)	Leasable area (m²) (Note 1)	Leased area (m²) (Note 2)	Occupancy rate (%) (Note 3)	As a percentage of total property leasing business revenues (%)	Main use
MFLP Hiroshima I	13,879	66,665	66,665	100.0	4.7	Logistics facilities
MFLP Ibaraki	57,231	208,811	208,811	100.0	17.1	Logistics facilities
MFLP Kawaguchi I	18,169	48,119	48,119	100.0	Not disclosed (Note 5)	Logistics facilities
MFLP Yachiyo Katsutadai	17,881	69,830	69,830	100.0	Not disclosed (Note 5)	Logistics facilities
MFLP Osaka I	13,844	43,880	43,880	100.0	Not disclosed (Note 5)	Logistics facilities
MFLP Hiratsuka II	12,647	46,525	46,525	100.0	Not disclosed (Note 5)	Logistics facilities
MFIP Inzai	11,459	Not disclosed (Note 5)	Not disclosed (Note 5)	Not disclosed (Note 5)	Not disclosed (Note 5)	Industrial real estate
MFIP Inzai II	14,778	30,906	30,906	100.0	Not disclosed (Note 5)	Industrial real estate
Total	326,622	Not disclosed (Note 5)	Not disclosed (Note 5)	99.8	100.0	

- (Note 1) "Leasable area" is the total floor area (rounded down to the nearest whole number) of each asset held by MFLP-REIT that is deemed to be leasable based on the lease agreement (Excluding lease agreements concerning shops, vending machines, photovoltaic power generation facilities and parking lots. Lease agreements for said buildings hereinafter referred to as "Subject Lease Agreements" in (2) and (3) below. Note that if the Subject Lease Agreements have been executed as of January 31, 2023, the buildings or rooms for lease that are vacant as of the said date are included in the Subject Lease Agreements as being under lease even if the move-in or handover date has not occurred on the said date.) or floor plan, etc. for such building as of January 31, 2023, and does not include the leased area indicated in the lease agreements concerning shops, vending machines, photovoltaic power generation facilities, parking lots, nursery centers and the like. The same shall apply hereinafter in (2).
- (Note 2) "Leased area" is the total leased area rounded down to the nearest whole number presented in each Subject Lease Agreement for buildings in each portfolio asset of MFLP-REIT as of January 31, 2023. If a master lease agreement has been executed for each portfolio asset held by MFLP-REIT as of January 31, 2023, the total leased area represents the sum total of the area that is actually leased based on the lease agreement signed with end-tenant rounded down to the nearest whole number. The same shall apply hereinafter in (2).
- (Note 3) "Occupancy rate" is the share of the leased area of the buildings in the leasable area for said buildings for each property held by MFLP-REIT as of January 31, 2023, rounded to the first decimal place. Occupancy rates for the total section are the share of the total leased area of the properties of the total leasable area of said properties, rounded to the first decimal place.
- (Note 4) For "GLP/MFLP Ichikawa Shiohama," "MFLP Yokohama Daikoku," "MFLP Hino" and "MFLP Prologis Park Kawagoe," leasable area and leased area are the prorated figures equivalent to the quasi co-ownership interest in each property that MFLP-REIT holds as of January 31, 2023 (50%, 50%, 25% and 50%, respectively).
- (Note 5) Not disclosed, because consent has not been obtained from the lessee.

## (3) Real estate assets in portfolio

The following summarizes the assets held by MFLP-REIT as of January 31, 2023.

Name of real estate, etc.	Location	Form of ownership	Leasable area (m²) (Note 1)	Appraisal value at end of period (millions of yen) (Note 2)	Book value (millions of yen)
GLP/MFLP Ichikawa Shiohama (Note 3)	1-6-3 Shiohama, Ichikawashi, Chiba	Real estate trust beneficiary interests	50,813	19,800	14,617
MFLP Kuki	1-10 Kiyokucho, Kuki-shi, Saitama	Real estate trust beneficiary interests	67,925	15,400	11,306
MFLP Yokohama Daikoku (Note 3)	43-1 Daikokucho, Tsurumi- ku, Yokohama-shi, Kanagawa	Real estate trust beneficiary interests	47,939	11,400	9,551
MFLP Yashio	99-1 Tsubutakita, Minamiushiroya, Yashio- shi, Saitama	Real estate trust beneficiary interests	39,692	12,000	8,943
MFLP Atsugi	4021-1 Sakuradai, Nakatsu, Aikawamachi, Aiko-gun, Kanagawa	Real estate trust beneficiary interests	40,958	10,200	7,059
MFLP Funabashi Nishiura	3-10-13 Nishiura, Funabashi-shi, Chiba	Real estate trust beneficiary interests	31,034	8,390	6,362
MFLP Kashiwa	259-1 Mukaiwari, Aotashindentobichi, Kashiwa-shi, Chiba	Real estate trust beneficiary interests	31,291	8,000	5,710
MFLP Sakai	1-171 Chikkoyawatamachi, Sakai-ku, Sakai-shi, Osaka	Real estate trust beneficiary interests	112,148	27,600	22,578
MFLP Komaki	2020-1 Higashimae, Honjo, Komaki-shi, Aichi	Real estate trust beneficiary interests	38,806	8,980	7,454
MFLP Hino (Note 3)	3-1-2 Asahigaoka, Hinoshi, Tokyo	Real estate trust beneficiary interests	46,801	13,900	11,887
MFLP Hiratsuka	2-1544-5 Nishishindo, Hiratsuka-shi, Kanagawa	Real estate trust beneficiary interests	33,055	8,230	6,596
MFLP Tsukuba	3-35-2 and 3-35-3, Shihogaoka, Tsukubamirai- shi, Ibaraki	Real estate trust beneficiary interests	Existing building: 37,938 Annex building: 25,600	11,200	8,231
MFLP Inazawa	2-1 Okudaosawa-cho, Inazawa-shi, Aichi	Real estate trust beneficiary interests	68,922	18,900	14,950
MFLP Atsugi II	84-1 Happongi, Ishida, Isehara-shi, Kanagawa, and other 3 lots of land	Real estate trust beneficiary interests	48,032	15,300	12,318
MFLP Fukuoka I	16-10 Butsudo, Shinbaru, Sue-machi, Kasuya-gun, Fukuoka, and other 4 lots of land	Real estate trust beneficiary interests	32,216	6,250	4,874
MFLP Prologis Park Kawagoe (Note 3)	1-9-3 Minamidai, Kawagoe-shi, Saitama	Real estate trust beneficiary interests	56,723	17,450	14,288

Name of real estate, etc.	Location	Form of ownership	Leasable area (m²) (Note 1)	Appraisal value at end of period (millions of yen) (Note 2)	Book value (millions of yen)
MFLP Hiroshima I	4-2876-26 Kanonshinmachi, Nishi-ku, Hiroshima-shi, Hiroshima	Real estate trust beneficiary interests	66,665	16,300	13,879
MFLP Ibaraki	4 Saito Akane, Ibaraki-shi, Osaka	Real estate trust beneficiary interests	208,811	67,900	57,231
MFLP Kawaguchi I	4-3342-1 Ryoke, Kawaguchi-shi, Saitama, and other 4 lots of land	Real estate trust beneficiary interests	48,119	20,200	18,169
MFLP Yachiyo Katsutadai	1807-13 Nakano, Kamikoya, Yachiyo-shi, Chiba, and 1 other lot of land	Real estate trust beneficiary interests	69,830	18,600	17,881
MFLP Osaka I	2-1-1 Kashima, Yodogawa- ku, Osaka-shi, Osaka, and other 2 lots of land	Real estate trust beneficiary interests	43,880	14,200	13,844
MFLP Hiratsuka II	366-4 Tateashi, Okami, Hiratsuka-shi, Kanagawa, and other	Real estate trust beneficiary interests	46,525	13,400	12,647
	Logistics facilities subtotal		1,293,733	363,600	300,385
MFIP Inzai	2-101-14 Izumino, Inzai- shi, Chiba	Real estate trust beneficiary interests	Not disclosed (Note 4)	14,000	11,459
MFIP Inzai II	2-101-11 Izumino, Inzai- shi, Chiba, and other 2 lots of land	Real estate trust beneficiary interests	30,906	16,700	14,778
	Industrial real estate subtotal	Not disclosed (Note 4)	30,700	26,237	
	Total	Not disclosed (Note 4)	394,300	326,622	

<sup>(</sup>Note 1) "Leasable area" is the total floor area (rounded down to the nearest whole number) of each asset held by MFLP-REIT that is deemed to be leasable based on each Subject Lease Agreement or floor plan, etc. for such building as of January 31, 2023, and does not include the leased area indicated in the lease agreements concerning shops, vending machines, photovoltaic power generation facilities, parking lots, nursery centers and the like.

<sup>(</sup>Note 2) "Appraisal value at end of period" is the appraisal value as of the valuation date of January 31, 2023 by real estate appraisers based on the asset valuation methods and standards set forth in the Articles of Incorporation of MFLP-REIT and the rules and requirements imposed by The Investment Trusts Association, Japan. The appraisal of each asset held is entrusted to Japan Real Estate Institute, The Tanizawa Sōgō Appraisal Co., Ltd., Daiwa Real Estate Appraisal Co., Ltd. and CBRE K.K.

<sup>(</sup>Note 3) For "GLP/MFLP Ichikawa Shiohama," "MFLP Yokohama Daikoku," "MFLP Hino" and "MFLP Prologis Park Kawagoe," leasable area, appraisal value at end of period, and book value at end of period are the prorated figures equivalent to the quasi co-ownership interest in each property that MFLP-REIT holds as of January 31, 2023 (50%, 50%, 25% and 50%, respectively).

<sup>(</sup>Note 4) Not disclosed, because consent has not been obtained from the lessee.

The following is the status of leasing of real estate, etc. held by MFLP-REIT.

	13th period (From August 1, 2022 to January 31, 2023)				12th period (From February 1, 2022 to July 31, 2022)			
Name of real estate, etc.	Total number of tenants [at end of period] (Note 1)	Occupancy rate [at end of period] (%) (Note 2)	Property leasing business revenues [during period] (millions of yen)	As a percentage of total property leasing business revenues (%)	Total number of tenants [at end of period] (Note 1)	Occupancy rate [at end of period] (%) (Note 2)	Property leasing business revenues [during period] (millions of yen)	As a percentage of total property leasing business revenues (%)
GLP/MFLP Ichikawa Shiohama (Note 3)	5	100.0	494	4.5	5	100.0	494	4.7
MFLP Kuki	3	100.0	487	4.4	3	100.0	482	4.5
MFLP Yokohama Daikoku (Note 3)	5	100.0	362	3.3	5	100.0	353	3.3
MFLP Yashio	2	100.0	Not disclosed (Note 4)	Not disclosed (Note 4)	2	100.0	Not disclosed (Note 4)	Not disclosed (Note 4)
MFLP Atsugi	1	100.0	Not disclosed (Note 4)	Not disclosed (Note 4)	1	100.0	Not disclosed (Note 4)	Not disclosed (Note 4)
MFLP Funabashi Nishiura	1	100.0	Not disclosed (Note 4)	Not disclosed (Note 4)	1	100.0	Not disclosed (Note 4)	Not disclosed (Note 4)
MFLP Kashiwa	1	100.0	Not disclosed (Note 4)	Not disclosed (Note 4)	1	100.0	Not disclosed (Note 4)	Not disclosed (Note 4)
MFLP Sakai	7	100.0	867	7.9	7	100.0	856	8.1
MFLP Komaki	2	100.0	Not disclosed (Note 4)	Not disclosed (Note 4)	2	100.0	Not disclosed (Note 4)	Not disclosed (Note 4)
MFLP Hino (Note 3)	17	100.0	393	3.6	16	96.8	374	3.5
MFLP Hiratsuka	Not disclosed (Note 4)	100.0	Not disclosed (Note 4)			100.0	Not disclosed (Note 4)	Not disclosed (Note 4)
MFLP Tsukuba	1	100.0	Not disclosed (Note 4)	Not disclosed (Note 4)	1	100.0	Not disclosed (Note 4)	Not disclosed (Note 4)
MFLP Inazawa	2	100.0	Not disclosed (Note 4)	Not disclosed (Note 4)	2	100.0	Not disclosed (Note 4)	Not disclosed (Note 4)
MFLP Atsugi II	2	100.0	Not disclosed (Note 4)	Not disclosed (Note 4)	2	100.0	Not disclosed (Note 4)	Not disclosed (Note 4)
MFLP Fukuoka I	1	100.0	Not disclosed (Note 4)	Not disclosed (Note 4)	1	100.0	Not disclosed (Note 4)	Not disclosed (Note 4)
MFLP Prologis Park Kawagoe (Note 3)	10	94.2	449	4.1	10	100.0	449	4.2
MFLP Hiroshima I	4	100.0	520	4.7	4	100.0	507	4.8
MFLP Ibaraki	10	100.0	1,878	17.1	10	100.0	1,675	15.8
MFLP Kawaguchi I	1	100.0	Not disclosed (Note 4)	Not disclosed (Note 4)	1	100.0	Not disclosed (Note 4)	Not disclosed (Note 4)
MFLP Yachiyo Katsutadai	1	100.0	Not disclosed (Note 4)	Not disclosed (Note 4)	1	100.0	Not disclosed (Note 4)	Not disclosed (Note 4)
MFLP Osaka I	1	100.0	Not disclosed (Note 4)	Not disclosed (Note 4)	1	100.0	Not disclosed (Note 4)	Not disclosed (Note 4)

	(From	13th period (From August 1, 2022 to January 31, 2023)				12th period (From February 1, 2022 to July 31, 2022)			
Name of real estate, etc.	Total number of tenants [at end of period] (Note 1)	Occupancy rate [at end of period] (%) (Note 2)	Property leasing business revenues [during period] (millions of yen)	As a percentage of total property leasing business revenues (%)	Total number of tenants [at end of period] (Note 1)	Occupancy rate [at end of period] (%) (Note 2)	Property leasing business revenues [during period] (millions of yen)	As a percentage of total property leasing business revenues (%)	
MFLP Hiratsuka II	2	100.0	Not disclosed (Note 4)	Not disclosed (Note 4)	2	100.0	Not disclosed (Note 4)	Not disclosed (Note 4)	
Logistics facilities subtotal	Not disclosed (Note 4)	99.7	Not disclosed (Note 4)	Not disclosed (Note 4)	Not disclosed (Note 4)	99.9	Not disclosed (Note 4)	Not disclosed (Note 4)	
MFIP Inzai	Not disclosed (Note 4)	Not disclosed (Note 4)	Not disclosed (Note 4)	Not disclosed (Note 4)	Not disclosed (Note 4)	Not disclosed (Note 4)	Not disclosed (Note 4)	Not disclosed (Note 4)	
MFIP Inzai II	1	100.0	Not disclosed (Note 4)	Not disclosed (Note 4)	1	100.0	Not disclosed (Note 4)	Not disclosed (Note 4)	
Industrial real estate subtotal	Not disclosed (Note 4)	Not disclosed (Note 4)	Not disclosed (Note 4)	Not disclosed (Note 4)	Not disclosed (Note 4)	Not disclosed (Note 4)	Not disclosed (Note 4)	Not disclosed (Note 4)	
Total	Not disclosed (Note 4)	99.8	10,960	100.0	Not disclosed (Note 4)	99.9	10,607	100.0	

- (Note 1) "Total number of tenants" is the total number of the Subject Lease Agreements for buildings in the portfolio assets held by MFLP-REIT as of each accounts settlement date. If a master lease agreement has been executed for each portfolio asset held by MFLP-REIT as of each accounts settlement date, it is the total number of the end-tenants. However, if one lessee enters into a multiple number of the Subject Lease Agreements for the same building of assets held by MFLP-REIT as of each accounts settlement date, the number of tenants is calculated on the assumption that such lessee is one party.
- (Note 2) "Occupancy rate" is the share of the leased area of the buildings in the leasable area for said buildings in the real estate in trust in the Subject Lease
  Agreements concluded for each property held by MFLP-REIT as of each accounts settlement date, rounded to the first decimal place. Occupancy
  rates for the total section are the share of the total leased area of the properties of the total leasable area of said properties, rounded to the first
  decimal place.
- (Note 3) For "GLP/MFLP Ichikawa Shiohama," "MFLP Yokohama Daikoku," "MFLP Hino" and "MFLP Prologis Park Kawagoe," property leasing business revenues and figures expressed as a percentage of total property leasing business revenues are the prorated figures equivalent to the quasi co-ownership interest in each property that MFLP-REIT holds as of each accounts settlement date (50%, 50%, 25% and 50%, respectively).
- (Note 4) Not disclosed, because consent has not been obtained from the lessee.

## (4) Schedule of renewable energy power generation facilities

Not applicable.

#### (5) Schedule of rights to operate public facilities, etc.

Not applicable.

#### (6) Status of other assets

Trust beneficiary interests that have real estate as the main assets in trust, etc. are listed all at once in "(3) Real estate assets in portfolio" presented earlier in this document, and there are no main specified assets invested by MFLP-REIT other than those listed there in the portfolio as of January 31, 2023.

## i) Itemization of investment securities portfolio assets

Not applicable.

#### ii) Table of status of contract amount, etc. and fair value of specified transactions

Not applicable.

#### (7) Status of holding of assets by country and region

Not applicable, because there are none in countries and regions other than Japan.

## 4. Capital Expenditures of Real Estate Held

#### (1) Schedule of capital expenditures

Of the capital expenditures accompanying renovations, etc. currently planned for real estate and real estate in trust of real estate trust beneficiary interests held by MFLP-REIT, the following are the major planned amounts. There may be cases where the planned construction amount ends up being in part expensed in accounting instead of being capitalized.

Name of real estate, etc.				Planned construction amount (millions of yen) (Note)		
	Location	Purpose	Scheduled time	Total amount	Amount paid during period	Total amount already paid
GLP/MFLP Ichikawa Shiohama	Ichikawa, Chiba	Installation of LED lighting	From December 2022 to February 2023	12	_	_
GLP/MFLP Ichikawa Shiohama	Ichikawa, Chiba	Upgrade of lighting equipment	From March 2023 to May 2023	16	_	_
MFLP Yokohama Daikoku	Yokohama, Kanagawa	Exterior wall painting (Section 10)	From January 2023 to June 2023	49	_	_
MFLP Yokohama Daikoku	Yokohama, Kanagawa	Lounge renewal work	From April 2023 to June 2023	25	_	_
MFLP Yokohama Daikoku	Yokohama, Kanagawa	Exterior wall painting (Section 11)	From August 2023 to December 2023	49	_	
MFLP Yokohama Daikoku	Yokohama, Kanagawa	Lounge renewal work	From August 2023 to December 2023	25	_	_
MFLP Funabashi Nishiura	Funabashi-shi, Chiba	Installation of LED lighting	From November 2023 to January 2024	38	_	_
MFLP Sakai	Sakai, Osaka	Installation of disconnect switch	From May 2023 to June 2023	38	_	_
MFLP Sakai	Sakai, Osaka	Upgrade of electricity meters	From July 2023 to July 2023	11	_	_
MFLP Hino	Hino-shi, Tokyo	Upgrade of lighting equipment	From January 2023 to January 2024	19	_	_
MFLP Tsukuba	Tsukubamirai-shi, Ibaraki	Exterior wall work	From August 2023 to December 2023	100	_	
MFLP Ibaraki	Ibaraki, Osaka	Updating of security systems	From June 2023 to June 2023	11	_	_
MFLP Ibaraki	Ibaraki, Osaka	Replacement of automatic fire alarms	From July 2023 to January 2024	10	_	_

(Note) For "GLP/MFLP Ichikawa Shiohama," "MFLP Yokohama Daikoku" and "MFLP Hino," each planned construction amount is the prorated figure equivalent to the quasi co-ownership interest in each property that MFLP-REIT holds (50%, 50% and 25%, respectively).

#### (2) Capital expenditures during period

The following summarizes the major construction work falling under capital expenditures conducted during the fiscal period under review for real estate, etc. held by MFLP-REIT. Capital expenditures in the fiscal period under review amounted to \(\frac{\pma}{227}\) million and, other than this, there was \(\frac{\pma}{247}\) million in repair expenses categorized as operating expenses in the fiscal period under review.

Name of real estate, etc.	Location	Purpose	Period	Construction amount (millions of yen) (Note)			
MFLP Kuki	Kuki, Saitama	Installation of LED lighting	From December 2022 to January 2023	16			
MFLP Yokohama Daikoku	Yokohama, Kanagawa	Exterior wall painting (Section 9)	From June 2022 to December 2022	48			
MFLP Yokohama Daikoku	Yokohama, Kanagawa	Upgrade of lighting equipment	From October 2022 to December 2022	15			
MFLP Sakai	Sakai, Osaka	Upgrade of lighting equipment	From November 2022 to December 2022	10			
MFLP Ibaraki	Ibaraki, Osaka	Work on power supply equipment	From July 2022 to August 2022	25			
MFLP Ibaraki	Ibaraki, Osaka	Replacement of fire extinguishing system	From November 2022 to December 2022	17			
Other capital expendit	Other capital expenditures						
	Total						

<sup>(</sup>Note) For "MFLP Yokohama Daikoku," each construction amount is the prorated figure equivalent to the quasi co-ownership interest held by MFLP-REIT (50%).

## (3) Cash reserves for long-term repair and maintenance plans

Not applicable.

## 5. Status of Expenses and Liabilities

## (1) Details of expenses related to asset management

(Thousands of yen)

Item	13th period (From August 1, 2022 to January 31, 2023)	12th period (From February 1, 2022 to July 31, 2022)
Asset management fee (Note)	1,067,813	1,023,034
Asset custody fee	16,950	14,720
Administrative service fees	20,217	20,051
Directors' compensations	6,600	6,600
Audit fee	10,000	10,000
Other expenses	62,472	62,291
Total	1,184,055	1,136,697

<sup>(</sup>Note) Other than the amount stated above, there is an asset management fee associated with a property acquisition factored into the book value of the properties (the 12th period: ¥111,500 thousand). There is no applicable fee other than the amount stated above for the 13th period.

## (2) Debt financing status

The following is the status of loans as of January 31, 2023.

Category	Lender	Borrowing date	Balance at beginning of period (millions of yen)	Balance at end of period (millions of yen)	Average interest rate (%)	Maturity date (Note 2)	Repayment method	Use	Remarks
te 1)	Mizuho Bank, Ltd.	May 19, 2022	2,600	_		_	Bullet repayment	(Note 3)	
loans (No	Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Bank, Limited	July 4, 2022	1,300	_	_	_	Bullet repayment	(Note 3)	Unsecured Non- guaranteed
Short-term loans (Note 1)	The Bank of Fukuoka, Ltd.	July 4, 2022	1,300	_	_	_	Bullet repayment	(Note 3)	
S	Subtotal		5,200	_					
		Sept. 1, 2016	2,000	_	0.2713	Sept. 1, 2022	Bullet repayment	(Note 3)	
		Sept. 1, 2016	1,500	1,500	0.4213	Sept. 1, 2026	Bullet repayment	(Note 3)	
		Feb. 4, 2019	1,000	1,000	0.2500	Feb. 6, 2023 (Note 4)	Bullet repayment	(Note 3)	
		Feb. 4, 2019	1,000	1,000	0.1475	Feb. 5, 2024	Bullet repayment	(Note 3)	
		Mar. 2, 2020	1,700	1,700	0.2000	Mar. 4, 2024	Bullet repayment	(Note 3)	
	Sumitomo Mitsui	Mar. 2, 2020	1,700	1,700	0.3723	Mar. 4, 2030	Bullet repayment	(Note 3)	
		Oct. 6, 2020	1,500	1,500	0.2829	Oct. 6, 2027	Bullet repayment	(Note 3)	
	Banking Corporation	Oct. 6, 2020	1,500	1,500	0.4168	Oct. 6, 2029	Bullet repayment	(Note 3)	
ans		Mar. 16, 2021	800	800	0.3743	Mar. 16, 2028	Bullet repayment	(Note 3)	
Long-term loans		Mar. 16, 2021	800	800	0.6325	Mar. 16, 2031	Bullet repayment	(Note 3)	Unsecured Non- guaranteed
Lor		Feb. 2, 2022	700	700	0.3813	Feb. 2, 2029	Bullet repayment	(Note 3)	
		Feb. 2, 2022	700	700	0.5538	Aug. 4, 2031	Bullet repayment	(Note 3)	
		Mar. 15, 2022	800	800	0.5957	Sept. 16, 2031	Bullet repayment	(Note 3)	
		Sept. 1, 2022	_	2,000	Base rate+0.3300 (Note 5)	Sept. 1, 2033	Bullet repayment	(Note 3)	
		Sept. 1, 2016	2,000	2,000	0.3050	Sept. 1, 2023 (Note 4)	Bullet repayment	(Note 3)	
		Sept. 1, 2016	1,500	1,500	0.3813	Sept. 1, 2025	Bullet repayment	(Note 3)	
	Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Bank, Limited	Feb. 4, 2019	1,500	1,500	0.1475	Feb. 5, 2024	Bullet repayment	(Note 3)	
		Mar. 2, 2020	800	800	0.1059	Mar. 3, 2025	Bullet repayment	(Note 3)	
		Mar. 16, 2021	2,000	2,000	0.1950	Mar. 16, 2026	Bullet repayment	(Note 3)	

Category	Lender	Borrowing date	Balance at beginning of period (millions of yen)	Balance at end of period (millions of yen)	Average interest rate (%)	Maturity date (Note 2)	Repayment method	Use	Remarks
	Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Bank, Limited	Feb. 2, 2022	1,200	1,200	0.2375	Feb. 2, 2027	Bullet repayment	(Note 3)	
		Aug. 2, 2016	400	_	0.1425	Aug. 2, 2022	Bullet repayment	(Note 3)	
		Aug. 2, 2016	1,700	1,700	0.2113	Aug. 2, 2024	Bullet repayment	(Note 3)	
		Mar. 15, 2018	900	900	0.4895	Sept. 15, 2027	Bullet repayment	(Note 3)	
		Feb. 4, 2019	2,000	2,000	0.3687	Aug. 4, 2028	Bullet repayment	(Note 3)	
	Mizuho Bank, Ltd.	Apr. 6, 2020	1,200	1,200	0.4942	Apr. 8, 2030	Bullet repayment	(Note 3)	
		Oct. 6, 2020	1,000	1,000	0.4707	Oct. 7, 2030	Bullet repayment	(Note 3)	
		Mar. 16, 2021	1,600	1,600	0.6325	Mar. 17, 2031	Bullet repayment	(Note 3)	
		Feb. 2, 2022	1,200	1,200	0.5813	Feb. 2, 2032	Bullet repayment	(Note 3)	
		Aug. 2, 2022	_	400	0.7488	Aug. 2, 2032	Bullet repayment	(Note 3)	
ans		Sept. 1, 2016	2,200	2,200	0.1826	Mar. 1, 2023 (Note 4)	Bullet repayment	(Note 3)	
Long-term loans		Feb. 4, 2019	1,000	1,000	0.2500	Feb. 6, 2023 (Note 4)	Bullet repayment	(Note 3)	Unsecured Non- guaranteed
Lor		Feb. 4, 2019	500	500	0.2313	Feb. 4, 2026	Bullet repayment	(Note 3)	
		Feb. 5, 2020	800	800	0.2385	Feb. 5, 2027	Bullet repayment	(Note 3)	
		Feb. 5, 2020	800	800	0.4272	Feb. 5, 2030	Bullet repayment	(Note 3)	
	MUFG Bank, Ltd.	Oct. 6, 2020	1,300	1,300	0.2829	Oct. 6, 2027	Bullet repayment	(Note 3)	
		Oct. 6, 2020	1,200	1,200	0.4168	Oct. 9, 2029	Bullet repayment	(Note 3)	
		Mar. 16, 2021	500	500	0.3743	Mar. 16, 2028	Bullet repayment	(Note 3)	
		Mar. 16, 2021	500	500	0.4408	Mar. 16, 2029	Bullet repayment	(Note 3)	
		Feb. 2, 2022	300	300	0.2025	Feb. 2, 2026	Bullet repayment	(Note 3)	1
		Mar. 31, 2022	500	500	0.2975	Mar. 31, 2026	Bullet repayment	(Note 3)	
	Mizuho Trust & Banking	Sept. 1, 2016	600	600	0.3237	Mar. 1, 2024	Bullet repayment	(Note 3)	
	Co., Ltd.	Sept. 1, 2016	700	700	0.3425	Sept. 2, 2024	Bullet repayment	(Note 3)	

Category	Lender	Borrowing date	Balance at beginning of period (millions of yen)	Balance at end of period (millions of yen)	Average interest rate (%)	Maturity date (Note 2)	Repayment method	Use	Remarks
		Mar. 15, 2018	300	300	0.2613	Mar. 15, 2023 (Note 4)	Bullet repayment	(Note 3)	
		Feb. 4, 2019	500	500	0.1163	Feb. 6, 2023 (Note 4)	Bullet repayment	(Note 3)	
	Mizuho Trust & Banking	Feb. 4, 2019	500	500	0.1475	Feb. 5, 2024	Bullet repayment	(Note 3)	
	Co., Ltd.	Apr. 6, 2020	500	500	0.4942	Apr. 8, 2030	Bullet repayment	(Note 3)	
		Oct. 6, 2020	2,000	2,000	0.3255	Oct. 6, 2028	Bullet repayment	(Note 3)	
		Mar. 15, 2022	300	300	0.5957	Sept. 16, 2031	Bullet repayment	(Note 3)	
	Development Bank of	Aug. 2, 2016	2,100	2,100	0.3125	Aug. 3, 2026	Bullet repayment	(Note 3)	
	Japan Inc.	Oct. 6, 2020	1,000	1,000	0.4851	Oct. 9, 2029	Bullet repayment	(Note 3)	
		Aug. 2, 2016	1,300	1,300	0.2169	Feb. 2, 2024	Bullet repayment	(Note 3)	
		Mar. 15, 2018	400	400	0.3563	Mar. 14, 2025	Bullet repayment	(Note 3)	
ans	The Bank of Fukuoka,	Feb. 4, 2019	2,000	2,000	0.3988	Feb. 5, 2029	Bullet repayment	(Note 3)	
Long-term loans	Ltd.	Apr. 6, 2020	1,800	1,800	0.4942	Apr. 8, 2030	Bullet repayment	(Note 3)	Unsecured Non- guaranteed
Loi		Oct. 6, 2020	2,000	2,000	0.3255	Oct. 6, 2028	Bullet repayment	(Note 3)	
		Feb. 2, 2022	1,200	1,200	0.5813	Feb. 2, 2032	Bullet repayment	(Note 3)	
		Aug. 2, 2016	1,000	1,000	0.3125	Aug. 3, 2026	Bullet repayment	(Note 3)	
	Nippon Life Insurance	Aug. 4, 2017	500		0.2575	Aug. 4, 2022	Bullet repayment	(Note 3)	
	Company	Feb. 2, 2022	1,200	1,200	0.5813	Feb. 2, 2032	Bullet repayment	(Note 3)	
		Aug. 4, 2022	_	500	0.6455	Aug. 4, 2031	Bullet repayment	(Note 3)	
		Aug. 4, 2017	500	_	0.2575	Aug. 4, 2022	Bullet repayment	(Note 3)	
		Mar. 15, 2018	600	600	0.2613	Mar. 15, 2023 (Note 4)	Bullet repayment	(Note 3)	
	The Norinchukin Bank	Feb. 4, 2019	1,000	1,000	0.2313	Feb. 4, 2026	Bullet repayment	(Note 3)	
		Feb. 5, 2020	1,000	1,000	0.3360	Feb. 7, 2028	Bullet repayment	(Note 3)	
		Oct. 6, 2020	1,500	1,500	0.3255	Oct. 6, 2028	Bullet repayment	(Note 3)	

Category	Lender	Borrowing date	Balance at beginning of period (millions of yen)	Balance at end of period (millions of yen)	Average interest rate (%)	Maturity date (Note 2)	Repayment method	Use	Remarks
		Mar. 16, 2021	1,000	1,000	0.3464	Mar. 16, 2028	Bullet repayment	(Note 3)	
	The Norinchukin Bank	Feb. 2, 2022	1,200	1,200	0.5263	Feb. 3, 2031	Bullet repayment	(Note 3)	
		Aug. 4, 2022	_	500	0.4988	Aug. 3, 2029	Bullet repayment	(Note 3)	
		Mar. 15, 2018	600	600	0.3319	Sept. 13, 2024	Bullet repayment	(Note 3)	
		Feb. 4, 2019	600	600	0.2313	Feb. 4, 2026	Bullet repayment	(Note 3)	
	The Yamaguchi Bank,	Mar. 2, 2020	900	900	0.3723	Mar. 4, 2030	Bullet repayment	(Note 3)	
	Ltd.	Oct. 6, 2020	1,000	1,000	0.5377	Oct. 7, 2030	Bullet repayment	(Note 3)	
		Mar. 16, 2021	800	800	0.7140	Mar. 16, 2032	Bullet repayment	(Note 3)	
		Feb. 2, 2022	800	800	0.5538	Aug. 4, 2031	Bullet repayment	(Note 3)	
		Mar. 15, 2018	600	600	0.3563	Mar. 14, 2025	Bullet repayment	(Note 3)	
ans		Feb. 4, 2019	600	600	0.2087	Aug. 4, 2025	Bullet repayment	(Note 3)	
Long-term loans	Mitsui Sumitomo Insurance Company, Limited	Mar. 2, 2020	800	800	0.1836	Mar. 2, 2027	Bullet repayment	(Note 3)	Unsecured Non- guaranteed
Loi		Oct. 6, 2020	1,000	1,000	0.2629	Apr. 6, 2027	Bullet repayment	(Note 3)	
		Feb. 2, 2022	800	800	0.3813	Feb. 2, 2029	Bullet repayment	(Note 3)	
		Dec. 3, 2018	2,000	2,000	0.2375	Dec. 1, 2023 (Note 4)	Bullet repayment	(Note 3)	
		Feb. 4, 2019	1,800	1,800	0.1863	Feb. 4, 2025	Bullet repayment	(Note 3)	
	Shinkin Central Bank	Feb. 5, 2020	1,600	1,600	0.3809	Feb. 5, 2029	Bullet repayment	(Note 3)	
	Shirikii Central Bank	Oct. 6, 2020	2,000	2,000	0.4168	Oct. 9, 2029	Bullet repayment	(Note 3)	
		Mar. 16, 2021	1,200	1,200	0.5937	Sept. 17, 2030	Bullet repayment	(Note 3)	
		Feb. 2, 2022	1,200	1,200	0.5263	Feb. 3, 2031	Bullet repayment	(Note 3)	
		Dec. 3, 2018	1,000	1,000	0.3975	Dec. 3, 2026	Bullet repayment	(Note 3)	
	Sumitomo Life Insurance Company	Mar. 2, 2020	800	800	0.2182	Mar. 2, 2028	Bullet repayment	(Note 3)	
		Feb. 2, 2022	1,200	1,200	0.5813	Feb. 2, 2032	Bullet repayment	(Note 3)	

Category	Lender	Borrowing date	Balance at beginning of period (millions of yen)	Balance at end of period (millions of yen)	Average interest rate (%)	Maturity date (Note 2)	Repayment method	Use	Remarks
		Feb. 4, 2019	1,000	1,000	0.2313	Feb. 4, 2026	Bullet repayment	(Note 3)	
	The Chile Book 141	Mar. 2, 2020	500	500	0.1836	Mar. 2, 2027	Bullet repayment	(Note 3)	
	The Chiba Bank, Ltd.	Mar. 16, 2021	1,000	1,000	0.3464	Mar. 16, 2028	Bullet repayment	(Note 3)	
		Feb. 2, 2022	500	500	0.3813	Feb. 2, 2029	Bullet repayment	(Note 3)	
		Feb. 5, 2020	800	800	0.3809	Feb. 5, 2029	Bullet repayment	(Note 3)	
	SBI Shinsei Bank, Limited	Oct. 6, 2020	1,000	1,000	0.4168	Oct. 9, 2029	Bullet repayment	(Note 3)	
	(Note 6)	Mar. 16, 2021	1,000	1,000	0.5937	Sept. 17, 2030	Bullet repayment	(Note 3)	
		Feb. 2, 2022	800	800	0.5538	Aug. 4, 2031	Bullet repayment	(Note 3)	
		Mar. 2, 2020	900	900	0.3723	Mar. 4, 2030	Bullet repayment	(Note 3)	
	The 77 Bank, Ltd.	Oct. 6, 2020	1,000	1,000	0.5377	Oct. 7, 2030	Bullet repayment	(Note 3)	
ans		Mar. 16, 2021	800	800	0.6325	Mar. 17, 2031	Bullet repayment	(Note 3)	
Long-term loans	The Yamanashi Chuo Bank, Ltd.	Oct. 6, 2020	1,000	1,000	0.5377	Oct. 7, 2030	Bullet repayment	(Note 3)	Unsecured Non- guaranteed
Lor		Feb. 2, 2022	800	800	0.5538	Aug. 4, 2031	Bullet repayment	(Note 3)	
	The Chugoku Bank,	Oct. 6, 2020	1,000	1,000	0.2829	Oct. 6, 2027	Bullet repayment	(Note 3)	
	Limited	Feb. 2, 2022	800	800	0.3813	Feb. 2, 2029	Bullet repayment	(Note 3)	
	The Joyo Bank, Ltd.	Oct. 6, 2020	1,000	1,000	0.2829	Oct. 6, 2027	Bullet repayment	(Note 3)	
	The Hyakugo Bank, Ltd.	Oct. 6, 2020	1,000	1,000	0.3305	Apr. 6, 2027	Bullet repayment	(Note 3)	
	The Hyakugo Bank, Ltd.	Feb. 2, 2022	800	800	0.5538	Aug. 4, 2031	Bullet repayment	(Note 3)	
	Daishi Hokuetsu Bank,	Oct. 6, 2020	1,000	1,000	0.3305	Apr. 6, 2027	Bullet repayment	(Note 3)	
	Ltd.	Feb. 2, 2022	800	800	0.3813	Feb. 2, 2029	Bullet repayment	(Note 3)	1
	The Bank of Kyoto, Ltd.	Oct. 6, 2020	500	500	0.4707	Oct. 7, 2030	Bullet repayment	(Note 3)	
	Resona Bank, Limited	Feb. 2, 2022	1,400	1,400	0.5538	Aug. 2, 2031	Bullet repayment	(Note 3)	
	Momiji Bank, Ltd.	Feb. 2, 2022	1,000	1,000	0.5538	Aug. 4, 2031	Bullet repayment	(Note 3)	

Category	Lender	Borrowing date	Balance at beginning of period (millions of yen)	Balance at end of period (millions of yen)	Average interest rate (%)	Maturity date (Note 2)	Repayment method	Use	Remarks
	The Keiyo Bank, Ltd.	Feb. 2, 2022	1,000	1,000	0.5538	Aug. 4, 2031	Bullet repayment	(Note 3)	
Long-term loans	The Iyo Bank, Ltd.	Feb. 2, 2022	1,000	1,000	0.5813	Feb. 2, 2032	Bullet repayment	(Note 3)	Unsecured
Long-te	The Yamagata Bank, Ltd.	Feb. 2, 2022	1,000	1,000	0.5813	Feb. 2, 2032	Bullet repayment	(Note 3)	Non- guaranteed
	Subtotal		115,700	115,700					
	Total		120,900	115,700					

- (Note 1) As for short-term loans, the "Average interest rate" of each lending financial institution (weighted-average based on outstanding borrowings in the case of multiple borrowings from the same lender) has been rounded to the fourth decimal places. Moreover, in the case of multiple borrowings from the same lender, the "Borrowing date" and "Maturity date" are written as follows: (1) for borrowings with different borrowing dates, the oldest borrowing date is displayed, and (2) for borrowings with different maturity dates, the earliest maturity date is displayed.
- (Note 2) If the "Maturity date" is not a business day, it becomes the following business day.
- (Note 3) "Use" of funds is for purchase of real estate or real estate trust beneficiary interests, refinancing of loans, working capital, etc.
- (Note 4) The amounts are recorded as the current portion of long-term loans payable under current liabilities on the balance sheets at the end of the fiscal period.
- (Note 5) The base rate is JBA 3-month yen TIBOR published by JBA TIBOR Administration as of two business days prior to the drawdown date and the starting date of the interest calculation period. However, even if the interest calculation period is less than three months, the base rate will be calculated using the JBA 3-month yen TIBOR.
  - Please refer to the JBA TIBOR Administration website (http://www.jbatibor.or.jp/rate/) (in Japanese) for JBA yen TIBOR.
  - Please note that the most recent interest rate for this borrowing is 0.3836%, and its applicable period is from November 1, 2022 to January 31, 2023.
- (Note 6) On January 4, 2023, the lender name was changed from Shinsei Bank, Limited to SBI Shinsei Bank, Limited.

#### (3) Status of investment corporation bonds

The following is the status of investment corporation bonds issued as of January 31, 2023.

Issue name	Issue date	Balance at beginning of period (millions of yen)	period	Interest rate (%)	Maturity date	Redemption method	Use	Remarks
1st Unsecured Bonds (Sustainability Bonds)	February 12, 2021	3,000	3,000	0.500	February 12, 2031	Bullet repayment (Note 1)	(Note 2)	Unsecured Non- guaranteed (Note 3)
2nd Unsecured Bonds (Green Bonds)	November 25, 2022	_	2,000	0.820	November 25, 2032	Bullet repayment (Note 1)	(Note 4)	Unsecured Non- guaranteed (Note 3)
Total		3,000	5,000					

- (Note 1) Redemption by purchase may be carried out any time on and after the day following the payment date, unless otherwise determined by the depository.
- (Note 2) Refinancing funds for the loan needed to acquire specified assets subject to sustainability finance (MFLP Ibaraki and MFLP Kawaguchi I).

  "Sustainability finance" refers to certain fund-raising activities carried out through sustainability bonds or sustainability loans with the aim of allocating funds towards the acquisition of specified assets that are "Eligible Green Assets" and "Eligible Sustainable Assets" (both of which are defined in MFLP-REIT's "Sustainability Finance Framework") and towards refinancing new or existing loans and investment corporation bonds to acquire these assets.
- (Note 3) These include a negative pledge clause and special pari passu conditions among specified investment corporation bonds.
- (Note 4) Refinancing funds for the loan needed to acquire specified assets subject to green finance (MFLP Yachiyo Katsutadai, MFLP Osaka I and MFLP Hiratsuka II).

"Green finance" refers to certain fund-raising activities carried out through green bonds or green loans with the aim of allocating funds towards the acquisition of specified assets that are "Eligible Green Assets" (which are defined in MFLP-REIT's "Sustainability Finance Framework") and towards refinancing new or existing loans and investment corporation bonds to acquire these assets.

#### (4) Status of short-term investment corporation bonds

Not applicable.

#### (5) Status of investment unit acquisition rights

Not applicable.

#### 6. Status of Sale and Purchase during Period

## (1) Status, etc. of sale and purchase of real estate, etc. and asset-backed securities, etc. and infrastructure assets, etc. and infrastructure-related assets

Not applicable.

#### (2) Status, etc. of sales and purchases of other assets

Other main assets are generally bank deposits or bank deposits within assets in trust.

#### (3) Investigation into value, etc. of specified assets

#### i) Real estate, etc.

Not applicable.

#### ii) Other

Not applicable.

#### (4) Status of interested party transactions, etc.

i) Status of sale and purchase transactions with interested parties, etc.

Not applicable.

ii) Amount of commission fee, etc.

Total amount of commission fee, etc.		Breakdown of transactions with inter		As a percentage	
Category	(A) (thousands of yen)	Paid to	Amount paid (B) (thousands of yen)	of total amount (B/A)	
Logistics management fee	272,609	Mitsui Fudosan Co., Ltd.	249,136	91.4%	
D 111 46 411 207		Mitsui Fudosan Facilities Co., Ltd.	192,009	46.7%	
Building management fee	411,297	Mitsui Fudosan Facilities West Co., Ltd.	151,899	36.9%	

(Note) "Interested parties, etc." refers to stakeholders, etc. of the asset management company with which MFLP-REIT has concluded an asset management agreement as provided in Article 123 of the Order for Enforcement of the Act on Investment Trusts and Investment Corporations and Article 26, Paragraph 1, Item 27 of the Rules on Management Reports, etc. of Investment Trusts and Investment Corporations of The Investment Trusts Association, Japan.

#### iii) Other payments to interested parties, etc.

Other payments to interested parties, etc. are as follows:

Paid to	Category	Amount (thousands of yen)
Mitsui Fudosan Co., Ltd.	Repairs and related work, etc.	10,060
Mitsui Fudosan Building Management Co., Ltd.	Repairs and related work, etc.	42,130
Mitsui Fudosan Facilities Co., Ltd.	Repairs and related work, etc.	123,832
Mitsui Fudosan Facilities West Co., Ltd.	Repairs and related work, etc.	95,002
Daiichi Engei Co., Ltd.	Repairs and related work, etc.	120

#### iv) Leasing transaction, etc.

Leasing transactions with interested parties, etc. are as follows:

Name of lessee	Category	Rental revenues (thousands of yen)
Mitsui Fudosan Co., Ltd.	Rent income, etc.	189,868

## (5) Status, etc. of transactions with the asset management company pertaining to operations of concurrent business engaged in by the asset management company

Not applicable, because the asset management company (Mitsui Fudosan Logistics REIT Management Co., Ltd.) does not engage in any type I financial instruments business, type II financial instruments business, real estate brokerage or specified joint real estate venture as a concurrent business.

#### 7. Accounting

#### (1) Status, etc. of assets, liabilities, principal, and income and loss

For the status, etc. of assets, liabilities, principal, and income and loss, please refer to "Balance Sheets," "Statements of Income," "Statements of Changes in Net Assets," "Notes to Financial Statements" and "Statements of Cash Distributions" presented later in this document.

The previous fiscal period's information on the balance sheets, statements of income, statements of changes in net assets, notes to financial statements, and statements of cash distributions is for reference and is not subject to an audit of the independent auditor for the fiscal period under review, pursuant to Article 130 of the Investment Trust Act.

#### (2) Change in method of calculation of depreciation and amortization

Not applicable.

#### (3) Change in method of valuation of real estate, etc. and infrastructure assets, etc.

Not applicable.

#### (4) Status, etc. of beneficiary certificates, etc. of investment trust established by itself

Not applicable.

#### 8. Other

#### (1) Notice

## i) General meeting of unitholders

Not applicable.

#### ii) Board of Directors of the investment corporation

The following summarizes the key items of the major contract conclusions and changes approved at meetings of the Board of Directors of MFLP-REIT in the fiscal period under review.

Approval date	Item	Summary		
November 7, 2022 January 13, 2023	Comprehensive resolution on issuance of investment corporation bonds and associated consignment of general administrative duties	At the meeting of the Board of Directors on the left, the Board of Directors made a comprehensive resolution regarding the issuance of investment corporation bonds and a resolution on the consignment of general administrative duties, and also resolved to delegate the details to the executive director.		

#### (2) Rounding of monetary and percentage figures

Unless otherwise specified, monetary figures are rounded down and percentage figures are rounded to the nearest specified unit in this document.

#### (3) Disclosure pertaining to corporation holding overseas real estate

Not applicable.

## (4) Disclosure pertaining to real estate of corporation holding overseas real estate

Not applicable.

# Mitsui Fudosan Logistics Park Inc. Balance Sheets

				(Thousands of yen)	
		13th period		12th period	
	(As of J	January 31, 2023)	(As o	f July 31, 2022)	
ssets					
Current assets					
Cash and deposits (Notes 3 and 4)	¥	1,966,275	¥	686,037	
Cash and deposits in trust (Notes 3 and 4)		7,685,210		6,894,168	
Operating accounts receivable		57,158		276,536	
Prepaid expenses		30,381		50,199	
Consumption taxes receivable		-		1,848,475	
Other		2,631		3,727	
Total current assets		9,741,656		9,759,145	
Non-current assets					
Property and equipment (Note 5)					
Buildings in trust		171,717,506		171,546,526	
Structures in trust		5,456,758		5,431,090	
Machinery and equipment in trust		4,229,270		4,227,700	
Vehicles and transport equipment in trust		4,021		4,021	
Tools, furniture and fixtures in trust		113,510		83,733	
Land in trust		164,824,737		164,824,737	
Construction in progress in trust		47,314		-	
Less: accumulated depreciation	<u> </u>	(19,722,807)		(17,014,876)	
Total property and equipment		326,670,312		329,102,932	
Intangible assets	<u></u>				
Software		989		1,164	
Total intangible assets	<del></del>	989		1,164	
Investments and other assets	-			•	
Lease and guarantee deposits		10,000		10,000	
Long-term prepaid expenses		12,965		251	
Deferred tax assets (Note 9)		9		16	
Other		1,050		1,050	
Total investments and other assets	•	24,025		11,318	
Total non-current assets	-	326,695,327		329,115,415	
Deferred assets		220,020,021		527,115,115	
Investment unit issuance expenses (Note 2)		76,153		119,987	
Investment corporation bond issuance costs (Note 2)		38,231		22,187	
Total deferred assets	•	114,385		142,174	
2 - 111 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2	v		v	•	
Total assets	¥	336,551,369	¥	339,016,735	

# Mitsui Fudosan Logistics Park Inc. Balance Sheets

				(Thousands of yen)
	13th period			12th period
Liabilities	(As of January 31, 2023)		(As c	of July 31, 2022)
Current liabilities				
Operating accounts payable	¥	791,032	¥	364,232
Short-term loans payable (Notes 4 and 7)	Ŧ	791,032	Ŧ	5,200,000
Current portion of long-term loans payable (Notes 4 and 7)		9,600,000		9,000,000
				, ,
Accounts payable		1,257,985		1,173,057
Accrued expenses		11,287		10,523
Income taxes payable		805		950
Accrued consumption taxes		789,256		1 020 470
Advances received		1,851,042		1,829,470
Other		3,252		3,660
Total current liabilities		14,304,662		17,581,895
Non-current liabilities				
Investment corporation bonds (Notes 4 and 7)		5,000,000		3,000,000
Long-term loans payable (Notes 4 and 7)		106,100,000		106,700,000
Tenant leasehold and security deposits in trust (Note 4)		6,906,456		6,897,828
Other		9,340		-
Total non-current liabilities		118,015,796		116,597,828
Total liabilities		132,320,458		134,179,724
Net assets				
Unitholders' equity				
Unitholders' capital		203,299,818		203,299,818
Units authorized: 8,000,000 units as of January 31, 2023 and				
July 31, 2022				
Units issued and outstanding: 576,000 units as of January 31,				
2023 and July 31, 2022				
Deduction from unitholders' capital		(3,274,387)		(2,628,115)
Unitholders' capital (net)		200,025,430		200,671,702
Retained earnings		4,205,480		4,165,308
Total unitholders' equity		204,230,910		204,837,011
Total net assets (Notes 6 and 10)		204,230,910		204,837,011
Total liabilities and net assets	¥	336,551,369	¥	339,016,735

 ${\it The\ accompanying\ notes\ are\ an\ integral\ part\ of\ these\ financial\ statements}.$ 

# Mitsui Fudosan Logistics Park Inc. Statements of Income

(Thousands of yen) 13th period 12th period (From August 1, 2022 to January 31, 2023) (From February 1, 2022 to July 31, 2022) Operating revenues ¥ 10,054,397 Property-related revenues (Notes 8 and 14) 10,245,890 ¥ Other property-related revenues (Notes 8 and 14) 714,964 553,416 10,960,854 10,607,814 Total operating revenues Operating expenses Property-related expenses (Note 8) 5,271,867 5,011,762 Asset management fee 1,067,813 1,023,034 Asset custody fee 16,950 14,720 20,217 20,051 Administrative service fees Directors' compensations 6,600 6,600 Audit fee 10,000 10,000 62,291 Other operating expenses 62,472 Total operating expenses 6,455,922 6,148,460 4,504,931 4,459,354 Operating income Non-operating income 33 Interest income 33 97 Insurance income Interest on refund 2,446 Other 669 316 3,149 447 Total non-operating income Non-operating expenses 224,203 216,613 Interest expense Interest expenses on investment corporation bonds 10,616 7,438 1,287 Amortization of investment corporation bond issuance costs 1,638 Amortization of investment unit issuance expenses 43,834 43,834 Offering costs associated with issuance of investment units 16,657 17,553 6,450 Borrowing related expenses Other 4,189 1,400 302,036 293,682 Total non-operating expenses 4,206,044 4,166,118 Income before income taxes Income taxes - current 810 955 Income taxes - deferred 6 3 Total income taxes (Note 9) 817 959 ¥ 4,205,227 ¥ 4,165,159 Net income (Note 10) 149 Retained earnings brought forward 4,205,480 ¥ Unappropriated retained earnings (undisposed loss) (Note 6) ¥ 4,165,308

				(Yen)	
	13th pe	riod	12tl	n period	
	(From Augus	(From August 1, 2022		(From February 1, 2022	
	to January 3	to January 31, 2023)		31, 2022)	
Net income per unit (Note 10)	¥	7,300	¥	7,233	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

# Mitsui Fudosan Logistics Park Inc. Statements of Changes in Net Assets

		Unitholders' capital (thousands of yen)			Retained	Total net assets
	Number of units	Unitholders' capital	Deduction from unitholders' capital	Unitholders' capital (net)	earnings (thousands of yen)	(thousands of yen)
Balance as of February 1, 2022	542,000	¥185,362,234	¥(2,089,909)	¥183,272,324	¥ 3,741,033	¥187,013,357
Issuance of new units through public offering as of February 1, 2022	32,380	17,082,910	-	17,082,910	-	17,082,910
Issuance of new units through allocation to a third party as of February 24, 2022	1,620	854,673	-	854,673	-	854,673
Distribution in excess of retained earnings	-	-	(538,206)	(538,206)	-	(538,206)
Dividends of earnings	-	-	-	-	(3,740,884)	(3,740,884)
Net income	-	-	-	-	4,165,159	4,165,159
Balance as of July 31, 2022	576,000	¥203,299,818	¥(2,628,115)	¥200,671,702	¥ 4,165,308	¥204,837,011
Distribution in excess of retained earnings	-	-	(646,272)	(646,272)	-	(646,272)
Dividends of earnings	-	-	-	-	(4,165,056)	(4,165,056)
Net income	-	-	-	-	4,205,227	4,205,227
Balance as of January 31, 2023	576,000	¥203,299,818	¥(3,274,387)	¥200,025,430	¥ 4,205,480	¥204,230,910

 $\label{thm:companying} \textit{The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements}.$ 

# Mitsui Fudosan Logistics Park Inc. Statements of Cash Flows

	13th period	(Thousands of yen) 12th period	
	(From August 1, 2022 to January 31, 2023)	(From February 1, 2022 to July 31, 2022)	
Cash flows from operating activities:	to Junuary 31, 2023)	to sary 51, 2022)	
Income before income taxes	¥ 4,206,044	¥ 4,166,118	
Depreciation and amortization	2,708,105	2,708,728	
Amortization of investment corporation bond issuance costs	1,638	1,287	
Amortization of investment unit issuance expenses	43,834	43,834	
Interest income	(33)	(33)	
Interest expense	234,820	224,051	
Insurance income		(97)	
Decrease (increase) in operating accounts receivable	219,288	(176,369)	
Decrease (increase) in prepaid expenses	19,818	(889)	
Decrease (increase) in long-term prepaid expenses	(12,713)	19,958	
Decrease (increase) in consumption taxes receivable	1,848,475	(1,848,475)	
Increase (decrease) in accrued consumption taxes	789,256	(678,420)	
Increase (decrease) in operating accounts payable	415,229	(303,620)	
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	70,654	113,363	
Increase (decrease) in advances received	21,571	251,566	
Other, net	10,028	(329)	
Subtotal	10,576,019	4,520,674	
Interest income received	33	33	
Interest income received  Interest expense paid	(234,056)	(221,428)	
Insurance income received	(234,030)	(221,428)	
Income taxes paid	(955)	(1,030)	
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	10,341,129	4,298,256	
Cash flows from investing activities:	(251.010)	(45.150.575)	
Purchase of property and equipment in trust	(251,018)	(45,158,575)	
Repayments of tenant leasehold and security deposits in trust	(68,797)	(307,009)	
Proceeds from tenant leasehold and security deposits in trust	77,424	1,157,542	
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	(242,391)	(44,308,041)	
Cash flows from financing activities:			
Proceeds from short-term loans payable	13,300,000	23,800,000	
Repayments of short-term loans payable	(18,500,000)	(18,600,000)	
Proceeds from long-term loans payable	3,400,000	23,200,000	
Repayments of long-term loans payable	(3,400,000)	(1,900,000)	
Proceeds from issuance of investment corporation bonds	2,000,000	-	
Payments for investment corporation bond issuance costs	(16,106)	-	
Proceeds from issuance of investment units	(209)	17,853,035	
Payment of distribution of earnings	(4,164,938)	(3,740,535)	
Payment of distribution in excess of retained earnings	(646,204)	(538,097)	
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	(8,027,458)	40,074,403	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	2,071,279	64,618	
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	7,580,206	7,515,587	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period (Note 3)	¥ 9,651,485	¥ 7,580,206	

 $\label{thm:companying} \textit{The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements}.$ 

# Mitsui Fudosan Logistics Park Inc. Notes to Financial Statements

# 1. Organization and Basis of Presentation

### a. Organization

Mitsui Fudosan Logistics Park Inc. ("MFLP-REIT"), a Japanese real estate investment corporation, was established on March 4, 2016 under the Act on Investment Trusts and Investment Corporations of Japan (Act No. 198 of 1951, including subsequent amendments; the "Investment Trust Act"), by Mitsui Fudosan Logistics REIT Management Co., Ltd. (the "Asset Management Company") as the organizer with investments in capital of ¥300 million (600 investment units). Registration with the Kanto Local Finance Bureau of the Ministry of Finance of Japan was completed on March 25, 2016. The investment units were listed on the Real Estate Investment Trust Securities Market (J-REIT section) of Tokyo Stock Exchange, Inc. on August 2, 2016 (Securities Code: 3471).

MFLP-REIT started acquisition of properties on August 2, 2016. With Mitsui Fudosan Co., Ltd. ("Mitsui Fudosan") as a sponsor, MFLP-REIT invests primarily in logistics facilities with a particular focus on MFLP facilities, that is, leading-edge logistics facilities with Mitsui Fudosan quality. This focus has been chosen in light of MFLP-REIT's goal of establishing a portfolio that emphasizes location, quality and balance.

As of January 31, 2023, MFLP-REIT held 24 properties with the total acquisition price of ¥342.2 billion.

### b. Basis of presentation

The accompanying financial statements of MFLP-REIT have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in Japan ("Japanese GAAP"), including provisions set forth in the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act of Japan, the Investment Trust Act and the related regulations, which are different in certain respects as to application and disclosure requirements of the International Financial Reporting Standards.

The accompanying financial statements are based on the financial statements of MFLP-REIT, which were prepared in accordance with Japanese GAAP and were presented in its Asset Management Report published for Japanese investors. In preparing the accompanying financial statements, certain reclassifications and modifications have been made to the financial statements issued domestically in order to present them in a format which is more familiar to readers outside Japan.

MFLP-REIT's fiscal period is a six-month period, which ends at the end of January and July of each year.

MFLP-REIT does not prepare consolidated financial statements as it has no subsidiaries.

Unless otherwise specified, amounts have been rounded down to the nearest thousand yen in the accompanying financial statements and the notes thereto, as permitted by the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act of Japan. As a result, the totals shown in the financial statements and notes thereto do not necessarily agree with the sum of the individual amounts.

# 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

### a. Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand and cash in trust, readily-available bank deposits, readily-available bank deposits in trust and short-term investments that are readily convertible to cash and realizable with a maturity of three months or less when purchased and that are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

### b. Property and equipment

Property and equipment (including those in trust) are stated at cost, which includes the original purchase price and related acquisition costs and expenses. Depreciation of property and equipment is calculated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives. The useful lives of principal property and equipment are as follows:

Buildings: 2 to 59 years
Structures: 8 to 50 years
Machinery and equipment: 8 to 17 years
Vehicles: 4 to 7 years
Tools, furniture and fixtures: 3 to 15 years

### c. Intangible assets

Intangible assets are stated at cost, which includes the original purchase price and related acquisition costs and expenses. Amortization of intangible assets is calculated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives. Amortization of software for internal use is calculated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of five years at MFLP-REIT.

#### d. Investment unit issuance expenses

Investment unit issuance expenses are amortized using the straight-line method over a three-year period.

### e. Investment corporation bond issuance costs

Investment corporation bond issuance costs are amortized using the straight-line method over the period up to redemption.

#### f. Recognition standard for revenues

Details of the main performance obligations related to MFLP-REIT's revenues from contracts with customers and the usual time at which the performance obligations are fulfilled (the usual time at which revenues are recognized) are as follows.

### (i) Utilities charges

For utilities charges, revenues are recognized based on the supply of electricity, water, and so forth to the lessee, who is the customer, in accordance with the lease contract for the real estate, etc. and the appended agreement details. Utilities charges are included in "other property-related revenues" in the statements of income and presented in the breakdown of "other property-related revenues" in Note 8. "Property Leasing Business Revenues and Expenses."

### g. Taxes on property and equipment

With respect to property taxes, city planning taxes and depreciable asset taxes imposed on real estate properties or trust beneficiary interests in real estate, of the tax amount assessed and determined, the amount corresponding to the relevant fiscal period is accounted for as property-related expenses.

Of the amounts paid for the acquisitions of real estate properties or trust beneficiary interests in real estate, the amount equivalent to property-related taxes is capitalized as part of the acquisition cost of the relevant property instead of being charged as expenses. For the 12th period, the amount of ¥302,047 thousand was included in acquisition costs of real estate properties as the equivalent of property-related taxes of a total of four properties, including MFIP Inzai II, which was acquired in the fiscal period ended July 31, 2021 and finalized in the period ended July 31, 2022, and three properties acquired in the fiscal period ended July 31, 2022. No property-related taxes were capitalized for the 13th period.

### h. Trust beneficiary interests in real estate

As to trust beneficiary interests in real estate that have real estate properties as assets in trust, all accounts of assets and liabilities within assets in trust as well as all income generated and expenses incurred from assets in trust are recorded in the relevant balance sheet and statement of income account items.

The following material items of the assets in trust recorded in the relevant account items are separately presented in the accompanying balance sheets.

- (1) Cash and deposits in trust
- (2) Buildings in trust, structures in trust, machinery and equipment in trust, vehicles and transport equipment in trust, tools, furniture and fixtures in trust and land in trust
- (3) Construction in progress in trust
- (4) Tenant leasehold and security deposits in trust

### i. Significant accounting estimates

Impairment of non-current assets

(1) Amounts recorded on the accompanying financial statements

(Thousands of ven)

		13th period (As of January 31, 2023)		12th period of July 31, 2022)
Property and equipment	¥	326,670,312	¥	329,102,932

(2) Information on the nature of significant accounting estimates for identified items

In accordance with the Accounting Standard for Impairment of Fixed Assets, MFLP-REIT reduces the book value of noncurrent assets to their recoverable amounts, when the invested amount may not be recoverable due to decrease in profitability.

MFLP-REIT's investment properties are grouped on an individual asset basis. MFLP-REIT reviews the investment properties for impairment when consecutive operating losses, significant decline in the market price, deteriorated business environment and other factors related to investment properties indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable.

Expected future cash flows are used for review for impairment of an asset. When MFLP-REIT determines that it is necessary to recognize an impairment loss, the book value of the asset is reduced to the respective recoverable amount based on the appraisal value estimated by an external real estate appraiser, and the difference between the book value and recoverable amount is recorded as an impairment loss.

Future cash flows are determined by comprehensive judgement on estimates based on market trends on rental revenues, occupancy rates, property-related expenses and other factors as well as transaction information of similar properties.

Operating results and market price of each investment property may be affected by trends in property leasing market and property trading market. It is possible to have impact on MFLP-REIT's financial position and result of operations in the next fiscal period if assumptions used in estimates change.

### 3. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Reconciliation between cash and cash equivalents and accounts and amounts in the balance sheets is as follows:

(Thousands of ven)

		(Thousands of yen)
	13th period (As of January 31, 2023)	12th period (As of July 31, 2022)
Cash and deposits	¥ 1,966,275	¥ 686,037
Cash and deposits in trust	7,685,210	6,894,168
Cash and cash equivalents	¥ 9,651,485	¥ 7,580,206

### 4. Financial Instruments

### a. Status of financial instruments

### (1) Policy for financial instruments

MFLP-REIT procures funds for acquisition of assets or repayment of debts mainly through issuance of investment units, loans or issuance of investment corporation bonds.

MFLP-REIT generally invests surplus funds in deposits considering safety of the investments although surplus funds could be invested in securities and monetary claims as a matter of policy.

MFLP-REIT enters into derivative transactions to a limited extent for the purpose of avoiding the risk of interest rate fluctuation and other risks. MFLP-REIT does not engage in speculative transactions.

# (2) Financial instruments, their associated risks and risk management system

Deposits are used for investment of MFLP-REIT's surplus funds, and are exposed to credit risk such as failure of the financial institutions holding the deposits. MFLP-REIT limits the credit risk by restricting the deposit periods to short terms and selecting financial institutions that have high credit ratings.

Proceeds from loans and investment corporation bonds are used mainly to acquire real estate properties or refinance existing loans. While these loans are exposed to liquidity risk at the time of repayment, MFLP-REIT mitigates the liquidity risk by diversifying its means of fund procurement and lending financial institutions, dispersing repayment dates, establishing commitment lines and securing liquidity on hand, and also controls the liquidity risk by preparing monthly fund management plans.

In addition, loans with floating interest rates are exposed to the risk of interest rate rising. MFLP-REIT limits the impact of interest rate rises on its operations by keeping the ratio of interest-bearing debt to total assets at a low level and maintaining the ratio of fixed-rate long-term loans at a high level.

# (3) Supplementary explanation regarding fair values of financial instruments

Since variable factors are reflected in estimating the fair value of financial instruments, different assumptions and factors could result in a different value.

### b. Estimated fair value of financial instruments

The carrying amounts, fair values and their differences as of January 31, 2023 and July 31, 2022 are as follows. Information on cash and deposits, cash and deposits in trust and short-term loans payable is omitted because the fair value is approximately the same as the book value since these are settled with cash and within a short period of time. Information on tenant leasehold and security deposits in trust is also omitted due to its immateriality.

(Thousands of yen)

13th period (As of January 31, 2023)	Carrying amount	Fair value	Difference
(1) Current portion of long-term loans payable	¥ 9,600,000	¥ 9,576,309	¥ (23,690)
(2) Investment corporation bonds	5,000,000	4,864,400	(135,600)
(3) Long-term loans payable	106,100,000	104,032,448	(2,067,551)
Total liabilities	¥120,700,000	¥118,473,157	¥(2,226,842)

(Thousands of yen)

12th period (As of July 31, 2022)	Carrying amount	Fair value	Difference
(1) Current portion of long-term loans payable	¥ 9,000,000	¥ 8,986,033	¥ (13,966)
(2) Investment corporation bonds	3,000,000	2,980,200	(19,800)
(3) Long-term loans payable	106,700,000	106,429,061	(270,938)
Total liabilities	¥118,700,000	¥118,395,295	¥ (304,704)

### (Note 1) Methods to estimate fair values of financial instruments

(1) Current portion of long-term loans payable and (3) Long-term loans payable

For long-term loans payable with floating interest rates, their book value is used to determine the fair value since they reflect market interest rates in a short period of time and the MFLP-REIT's credit condition has not changed significantly since the loans were executed. The fair value of long-term loans payable with fixed interest rates is determined based on the present value being calculated by discounting the sum of principal and interest by the assumed interest rate which would be applied if a similar new loan were entered into.

(2) Investment corporation bonds

The fair value is determined based on the market price.

(Note 2) Repayment schedule for long-term loans and investment corporation bonds

(Thousands of yen)

13th period (As of January 31, 2023)	Due within one year	Due after one to two years	Due after two to three years	Due after three to four years	Due after four to five years	Due after five years
Investment corporation bonds	1	1	-	1	1	¥ 5,000,000
Long-term loans payable	¥ 9,600,000	¥ 9,600,000	¥ 5,700,000	¥ 11,500,000	¥ 12,000,000	67,300,000
Total	¥ 9,600,000	¥ 9,600,000	¥ 5,700,000	¥ 11,500,000	¥ 12,000,000	¥ 72,300,000

(Thousands of yen)

12th period (As of July 31, 2022)	Due within one year	Due after one to two years	Due after two to three years	Due after three to four years	Due after four to five years	Due after five years
Investment corporation bonds	-	1	-	1	-	¥ 3,000,000
Long-term loans payable	¥ 9,000,000	¥ 10,600,000	¥ 6,600,000	¥ 8,000,000	¥ 11,900,000	69,600,000
Total	¥ 9,000,000	¥ 10,600,000	¥ 6,600,000	¥ 8,000,000	¥ 11,900,000	¥ 72,600,000

# 5. Investment and Rental Properties

MFLP-REIT owns logistics facilities and industrial properties for the purpose of earning rental income. The carrying amount, net changes in the carrying amount during the periods and fair value of these investment and rental properties are as follows:

(Thousands of yen)

	(Thousands of yell			
	(From	13th period (From August 1, 2022 to January 31, 2023)		2th period February 1, 2022 uly 31, 2022)
Carrying amount				
Balance at beginning of period	¥	329,102,932	¥	286,583,923
Changes during the period		(2,479,935)		42,519,009
Balance at end of period		326,622,997		329,102,932
Fair value at the end of the period	¥	394,300,000	¥	388,500,000

<sup>(</sup>Note 1) The carrying amount represents acquisition cost less accumulated depreciation.

Information about income and loss from investment and rental properties is stated in Note 8. "Property Leasing Business Revenues and Expenses."

<sup>(</sup>Note 2) Changes in the carrying amount during the 12th period consisted of the increase mainly attributable to acquisition of trust beneficiary interests in real estate for three properties (\$45,028,290 thousand), and the decrease mainly attributable to depreciation (\$2,708,553 thousand). Changes in the carrying amount during the 13th period consisted of the decrease mainly attributable to depreciation (\$2,707,930 thousand).

<sup>(</sup>Note 3) The fair value at the end of the period represents the appraisal value or surveyed value by external real estate appraisers.

#### 6. Net Assets

### a. Stated capital

MFLP-REIT issues only non-par value units in accordance with the Investment Trust Act of Japan and all of the issue prices of new units are designated as stated capital. MFLP-REIT maintains at least ¥50,000 thousand as the minimum net assets as required by the Article 67, Paragraph 4 of the Investment Trust Act of Japan.

### b. Distributions

I. Unappropriated retained earningsII. Distributions in excess of retained

Deduction from unitholders'

Distribution in excess of retained

Distribution of earnings

Total distributions

IV. Retained earnings carried forward

earnings

capital

III. Distributions

earnings

Distributions related to the periods but declared after the balance sheet dates are summarized as follows:

				(Yen)
13th period (From August 1, 2022 to January 31, 2023)		12th <sub>I</sub> (From February 1, 20	period 022 to Ju	aly 31, 2022)
Total	Per unit	Total	]	Per unit
¥ 4,205,480,204		¥ 4,165,308,840		
633,600,000		646,272,000		
4,205,376,000	¥ 7,301	4,165,056,000	¥	7,231
633,600,000	1,100	646,272,000		1,122

8,401

¥

¥

4,811,328,000

252,840

¥

8,353

In accordance with the distribution policy as defined in the Article 35, Paragraph 1 of the Articles of Incorporation of MFLP-REIT, distributions shall be in excess of the amount equivalent to 90% of the amount of earnings available for dividends defined in the Article 67-15 of the Act on Special Measures Concerning Taxation.

¥

4,838,976,000

104,204

¥

Based on this policy, for the fiscal periods ended January 31, 2023 and July 31, 2022, MFLP-REIT declared a distribution amount of \(\frac{\pmathbf{4}}{4},205,376,000\) and \(\frac{\pmathbf{4}}{4},165,056,000\), respectively, which are the maximum value of the integral multiple of the total number of investment units issued and outstanding at the end of each period in amounts not in excess of unappropriated retained earnings.

Furthermore, based on the distribution policy as defined in the Article 35, Paragraph 2 of the Articles of Incorporation, MFLP-REIT executes the distribution of cash in excess of retained earnings (return of capital applicable to distribution reducing unitholders' capital for tax purposes) each fiscal period on a continuous basis.

Based on this policy, for the fiscal period ended January 31, 2023, MFLP-REIT declared the distribution of ¥633,600,000, which is calculated as being almost equivalent to the remaining amount after subtracting the distribution of earnings of ¥4,205,376,000 from ¥4,839,210,555 or 70% of FFO (funds from operation), as distribution of cash in excess of retained earnings (return of capital applicable to distribution reducing unitholders' capital for tax purposes).

Based on this policy, for the fiscal period ended July 31, 2022, MFLP-REIT declared the distribution of \(\frac{\pmathbf{\pmath}}{646,272,000}\), which is calculated as being almost equivalent to the remaining amount after subtracting the distribution of earnings of \(\frac{\pmathbf{\pmathb

(Note) MFLP-REIT may execute cash distribution in excess of distributable amount, in an amount it determines within a scope not to exceed the limit stipulated in the rules and requirements imposed by The Investment Trusts Association, Japan, when MFLP-REIT considers it appropriate, given such factors as economic environment, trends in the real estate market or leasing market, the situation surrounding owned assets and the financial condition.

In addition, in case that any cash distribution fails to meet the statutory requirements for special tax treatment for investment corporations, MFLP-REIT may execute cash distribution in excess of distributable amount, in an amount it determines to meet the statutory requirements.

# 7. Short-term and Long-term Loans Payable and Investment Corporation Bonds

Short-term and long-term loans payable mainly consisted of bank borrowings under loan agreements. The following table summarizes the short-term and long-term loans payable and investment corporation bonds as of January 31, 2023 and July 31, 2022.

			(Thousands of yen)
	13th period (As of January 31, 2023)		th period July 31, 2022)
0.1023% unsecured short-term loans	-	¥	2,600,000
0.1318% unsecured short-term loans	-		1,300,000
0.1318% unsecured short-term loans	-		1,300,000
Total short-term loans payable	<del>-</del>	¥	5,200,000
0.2713% unsecured long-term loans due 2022	-	¥	2,000,000
0.4213% unsecured long-term loans due 2026	¥ 1,500,000		1,500,000
0.2500% unsecured long-term loans due 2023	2,000,000		2,000,000
0.1475% unsecured long-term loans due 2024	3,000,000		3,000,000
0.2000% unsecured long-term loans due 2024	1,700,000		1,700,000
0.3723% unsecured long-term loans due 2030	3,500,000		3,500,000
0.2829% unsecured long-term loans due 2027	4,800,000		4,800,000
0.4168% unsecured long-term loans due 2029	5,700,000		5,700,000
0.3743% unsecured long-term loans due 2028	1,300,000		1,300,000
0.6325% unsecured long-term loans due 2031	3,200,000		3,200,000
0.3813% unsecured long-term loans due 2029	3,600,000		3,600,000
0.5538% unsecured long-term loans due 2031	7,300,000		7,300,000
0.5957% unsecured long-term loans due 2031	1,100,000		1,100,000
Base rate + 0.3300% unsecured long-term loans due 2033 (Note 2)	2,000,000		-
0.3050% unsecured long-term loans due 2023	2,000,000		2,000,000
0.3813% unsecured long-term loans due 2025	1,500,000		1,500,000
0.1059% unsecured long-term loans due 2025	800,000		800,000
0.1950% unsecured long-term loans due 2026	2,000,000		2,000,000
0.2375% unsecured long-term loans due 2027	1,200,000		1,200,000
0.1425% unsecured long-term loans due 2022	1,200,000		400,000
0.2113% unsecured long-term loans due 2024	1,700,000		1,700,000
0.4895% unsecured long-term loans due 2027	900,000		900,000
0.3687% unsecured long-term loans due 2028	2,000,000		2,000,000
0.4942% unsecured long-term loans due 2020	3,500,000		3,500,000
0.4707% unsecured long-term loans due 2030	1,500,000		1,500,000
0.5813% unsecured long-term loans due 2032	6,800,000		6,800,000
0.7488% unsecured long-term loans due 2032	400,000		0,800,000
0.1826% unsecured long-term loans due 2032	2,200,000		2,200,000
0.2313% unsecured long-term loans due 2026	3,100,000		3,100,000
0.2385% unsecured long-term loans due 2027	800,000		800,000
0.4272% unsecured long-term loans due 2027	800,000		800,000
0.4408% unsecured long-term loans due 2029	500,000		500,000
0.2025% unsecured long-term loans due 2026	300,000		
0.2975% unsecured long-term loans due 2026	500,000		300,000 500,000
0.3237% unsecured long-term loans due 2024	600,000		600,000
0.3425% unsecured long-term loans due 2024	700,000		700,000
0.2613% unsecured long-term loans due 2023	900,000		900,000
0.1163% unsecured long-term loans due 2023	500,000		500,000
0.3255% unsecured long-term loans due 2028	5,500,000		5,500,000
0.3125% unsecured long-term loans due 2026	3,100,000		3,100,000
0.4851% unsecured long-term loans due 2029	1,000,000		1,000,000

	13th period (As of January 31, 2023)	12th period (As of July 31, 2022)
0.2169% unsecured long-term loans due 2024	1,300,000	1,300,000
0.3563% unsecured long-term loans due 2025	1,000,000	1,000,000
0.3988% unsecured long-term loans due 2029	2,000,000	2,000,000
0.2575% unsecured long-term loans due 2022	-	1,000,000
0.6455% unsecured long-term loans due 2031	500,000	-
0.3360% unsecured long-term loans due 2028	1,000,000	1,000,000
0.3464% unsecured long-term loans due 2028	2,000,000	2,000,000
0.5263% unsecured long-term loans due 2031	2,400,000	2,400,000
0.4988% unsecured long-term loans due 2029	500,000	-
0.3319% unsecured long-term loans due 2024	600,000	600,000
0.5377% unsecured long-term loans due 2030	3,000,000	3,000,000
0.7140% unsecured long-term loans due 2032	800,000	800,000
0.2087% unsecured long-term loans due 2025	600,000	600,000
0.1836% unsecured long-term loans due 2027	1,300,000	1,300,000
0.2629% unsecured long-term loans due 2027	1,000,000	1,000,000
0.2375% unsecured long-term loans due 2023	2,000,000	2,000,000
0.1863% unsecured long-term loans due 2025	1,800,000	1,800,000
0.3809% unsecured long-term loans due 2029	2,400,000	2,400,000
0.5937% unsecured long-term loans due 2030	2,200,000	2,200,000
0.3975% unsecured long-term loans due 2026	1,000,000	1,000,000
0.2182% unsecured long-term loans due 2028	800,000	800,000
0.3305% unsecured long-term loans due 2027	2,000,000	2,000,000
Total long-term loans payable	¥ 115,700,000	¥ 115,700,000
0.5000% unsecured bonds due 2031	¥ 3,000,000	¥ 3,000,000
0.8200% unsecured bonds due 2032	2,000,000	
Total bonds	¥ 5,000,000	¥ 3,000,000

<sup>(</sup>Note 1) The stated interest rates are the weighted average interest rates during the fiscal periods ended January 31, 2023 and July 31, 2022 and rounded to the fourth decimal place.

(Note 2) The base rate is JBA 3-month yen TIBOR published by JBA TIBOR Administration as of two business days prior to the drawdown date and the beginning date of the interest calculation period. The JBA 3-month yen TIBOR is also used as a base rate in the case that the interest calculation period is less than three months. Please refer to the JBA TIBOR Administration website (https://www.jbatibor.or.jp/rate/) (in Japanese) for JBA yen TIBOR. The recent interest rate on the loans is 0.3836%, which will apply from November 1, 2022 to January 31, 2023.

The repayment schedule for loans and bonds is disclosed in Note 4. "Financial Instruments."

MFLP-REIT had the commitment line contracts with two banks as of January 31, 2023 and July 31, 2022.

| Case |

# 8. Property Leasing Business Revenues and Expenses

The following table summarizes the revenues and expenses generated from the property leasing business for the fiscal periods ended January 31, 2023 and July 31, 2022.

(Thousands of yen)

	(Thousands of yen)					
	13th period (From August 1, 2022 to January 31, 2023)		12th period (From February 1, 2022 to July 31, 2022)			
A. Property leasing business revenues						
Property-related revenues						
Rental revenues	¥	9,732,676	¥	9,560,963		
Common area charges		513,213		493,434		
Total	¥	10,245,890	¥	10,054,397		
Other property-related revenues						
Utilities charges	¥	613,483	¥	415,035		
Parking lots		50,566		47,585		
Others		50,914		90,795		
Total	¥	714,964	¥	553,416		
Total property leasing business revenues	¥	10,960,854	¥	10,607,814		
B. Property leasing business expenses						
Property-related expenses						
Outsourcing service expenses	¥	688,732	¥	735,635		
Utilities expenses		551,994		372,636		
Repair expenses		247,755		126,728		
Taxes and dues		930,448		930,590		
Depreciation and amortization		2,707,930		2,708,553		
Others		145,005		137,618		
Total property leasing business expenses	¥	5,271,867	¥	5,011,762		
C. Operating income from property leasing [A-B]	¥	5,688,986	¥	5,596,051		

### 9. Income Taxes

MFLP-REIT is subject to Japanese corporate income taxes on its taxable income. The tax effects of temporary differences that give rise to a significant portion of the deferred tax assets and liabilities as of January 31, 2023 and July 31, 2022 are as follows:

(Thousands of yen) 13th period 12th period Deferred tax assets: Accrued enterprise tax ¥ ¥ 16 9 ¥ ¥ Total deferred tax assets 16 ¥ 9 ¥ Net deferred tax assets 16

Reconciliations between the Japanese statutory tax rate and the effective income tax rate with respect to pre-tax income reflected in the accompanying statements of income for the fiscal periods ended January 31, 2023 and July 31, 2022 are as follows:

	13th period (As of January 31, 2023)	12th period (As of July 31, 2022)	
Statutory tax rate	31.46%	31.46%	
Adjustments:			
Deductible distributions	(31.45)	(31.45)	
Other	0.01	0.01	
Effective income tax rate after application of tax-effect accounting	0.02%	0.02%	

### 10. Per Unit Information

The following table summarizes per unit information for the fiscal periods ended January 31, 2023 and July 31, 2022.

	(From Au	n period ngust 1, 2022 nry 31, 2023)	12th period (From February 1, 2022 to July 31, 2022)	
Earnings per unit:				
Net income per unit (yen)	¥	¥ 7,300 576,000		7,233
Weighted average number of units outstanding (unit)				575,794
		13th period (As of January 31, 2023)		n period aly 31, 2022)
Net assets per unit (yen)	¥	¥ 354,567		355,619

Net income per unit is calculated by dividing net income by the daily weighted average number of investment units outstanding during the period. Diluted net income per unit is not stated because there are no dilutive investment units.

#### 11. Leases

The future minimum rental revenues from tenants subsequent to January 31, 2023 and July 31, 2022 under non-cancelable operating leases of properties are as follows:

(Thousands of yen)

		13th period (As of January 31, 2023)		2th period FJuly 31, 2022)
Due within one year	¥	18,358,904	¥	18,044,300
Due after one year		57,126,476		59,436,824
Total	¥	75,485,380	¥	77,481,124

### 12. Transactions with Related Parties

There are no significant transactions and balances with related parties for the fiscal periods ended January 31, 2023 and July 31, 2022.

### 13. Segment and Related Information

For the fiscal periods ended January 31, 2023 and July 31, 2022

### a. Segment information

Segment information has been omitted as MFLP-REIT engages in a single segment of the property leasing business.

### b. Related information

### (1) Information by product and service

Disclosure of this information has been omitted as revenues from external customers in a single product and service category exceed 90% of the total operating revenues on the statements of income.

### (2) Information by geographical area

### (i) Operating revenues

Disclosure of this information has been omitted as revenues from external customers in Japan exceed 90% of the total operating revenues on the statements of income.

### (ii) Property and equipment

Disclosure of this information has been omitted as the amount of property and equipment located in Japan exceeds 90% of the total amount of property and equipment on the balance sheets.

### (3) Information on major tenant

Disclosure of this information has been omitted because there is no tenant whose operating revenues make up 10% or more of total operating revenues.

# 14. Revenue Recognition

For the fiscal periods ended January 31, 2023 and July 31, 2022

Information on disaggregation of revenues from contracts with customers

For information on disaggregation of revenues from contracts with customers, please refer to Note 8. "Property Leasing Business Revenues and Expenses."

Note that revenues based on ASBJ Statement No. 13 "Accounting Standard for Lease Transactions" are included in the table of revenues and expenses generated from the property leasing business in Note 8. "Property Leasing Business Revenues and Expenses." Revenues from contracts with customers are primarily "utilities charges."

# 15. Significant Subsequent Events

### 1. Acquisitions of properties

MFLP-REIT acquired the trust beneficiary interests for the following asset on February 1, 2023.

Category	Property no.	Property name	Location	Acquisition price (millions of yen) (Note)	
Logistics facilities	L-23	MFLP Osaka Katano	Katano-shi, Osaka	16,500	

(Note) "Acquisition price" is the purchase price of trust beneficiary interest as set forth in the agreement for sale and purchase of trust beneficiary interest for the asset acquired (excluding various costs required in the acquisition), rounded down to the nearest million yen.

### 2. Borrowing of funds

MFLP-REIT has borrowed the following funds to apply to part of the acquisition funds and related expenses for the real estate trust beneficiary interests in the above "1. Acquisitions of properties."

# i) Short-term loans payable

Lender	Borrowing amount (millions of yen)		Drawdown date	Repayment date	Repayment method	Collateral
Mizuho Bank, Ltd.	2,500	0.0262%	February 1, 2023	February 15, 2023	Bullet repayment	Unsecured Non-guaranteed
Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Bank, Limited	1,000	0.1018%	February 1, 2023	March 1, 2023 (Note)	Bullet repayment	Unsecured Non-guaranteed
The Bank of Fukuoka, Ltd.	3,000	0.1018%	February 1, 2023	March 1, 2023 (Note)	Bullet repayment	Unsecured Non-guaranteed
Total borrowing amount	6,500	_	_	_	<del>_</del>	_

(Note) On the repayment date, MFLP-REIT carried out refinancing for the same amount as the borrowing amount of the funds borrowed on February 1, 2023 (interest rate: 0.1082%, repayment date: April 3, 2023, bullet repayment, and unsecured/non-guaranteed). Afterwards, on April 3, 2023, MFLP-REIT carried out refinancing for the same amount as the borrowing amount of the funds borrowed on March 1, 2023 (interest rate: 0.1127%, repayment date: May 8, 2023, bullet repayment, and unsecured/non-guaranteed).

In addition, on May 8, 2023, MFLP-REIT carried out refinancing for the same amount as the borrowing amount of the funds borrowed on April 3, 2023 (interest rate: 0.0246%, Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Bank, Limited; interest rate: 0.05%, The Bank of Fukuoka, Ltd.; repayment date: May 19, 2023; bullet repayment; and unsecured/non-guaranteed), and on May 19, 2023, MFLP-REIT repaid the borrowings of ¥1.0 billion from Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Bank, Limited and carried out refinancing for the borrowings from The Bank of Fukuoka, Ltd., reducing the balance of borrowings by ¥1.0 billion from ¥3.0 billion to ¥2.0 billion (interest rate: 0.0946%, repayment date: June 19, 2023, bullet repayment, and unsecured/non-guaranteed).

# ii) Long-term loans payable

Lender		Borrowing amount (millions of yen)	Interest rate	Drawdown date	Repayment date	Repayment method	Collateral
	Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation	500	0.50% (Note 2)				Unsecured
Syndicate of 21	Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Bank, Limited	500	0.5875% (Note 2)	February 1, 2023	February 1, 2027	Bullet repayment	Non- guaranteed
	MUFG Bank, Ltd.	300	0.5375% (Note 2)				
banks arranged by Sumitomo Mitsui	The Norinchukin Bank	500					
Banking Corporation (Sustainability	Daishi Hokuetsu Bank, Ltd.	400	0.9663% (Note 3)	February	February 1, 2030	Bullet repayment	Unsecured Non- guaranteed
Linked Loan)	The Yamagata Bank, Ltd.	400		1, 2023			
	Kiraboshi Bank, Ltd.	300					
	The Bank of Fukuoka, Ltd.	500	1.0175% (Note 3)	February 1, 2023	August 1, 2030	Bullet repayment	Unsecured Non-

L	ender	Borrowing amount (millions of yen)	Interest rate	Drawdown date	Repayment date	Repayment method	Collateral
	The Hachijuni Bank, Ltd.	500					guaranteed
	The Chiba Bank, Ltd.	400					
	The Joyo Bank, Ltd.	400					
	The Keiyo Bank, Ltd.	400					
	Shinkin Central Bank	500					TT 1
	Momiji Bank, Ltd.	400	1.2265% (Note 4)	February 1, 2023	August 2, 2032	Bullet repayment	Unsecured Non-
	The Bank of Kyoto, Ltd.	400					guaranteed
	Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation	400					
	Mizuho Bank, Ltd.	500					
	Mizuho Trust & Banking Co., Ltd.	500		February	February	Bullet	
	The Yamaguchi Bank, Ltd.	500	1.2713%				Unsecured
	SBI Shinsei Bank, Limited (Note 6)	500	(Note 4)	1, 2023	1, 2033	repayment	Non- guaranteed
	Sumitomo Life Insurance Company	500					
	Nippon Life Insurance Company	500					
	Kiraboshi Bank, Ltd.	200					
Total borrowing am	ount	10,000	_	_	_	_	_

- (Note 1) The first interest payment date is the last day of July 2023, and thereafter the interest payment date will be the last day of January and July until and including the repayment date. (If each interest payment date is not a business day, such interest payment date shall be on the next business day. Provided, however, that such interest payment date shall be on the preceding business day if such next business day falls into the next month.) In addition, since the borrowing is financed by a Sustainability Linked Loan, the interest rate from the timing of the determination to the repayment date will change according to the achievement status of the Sustainability Performance Target ("SPT") as described in (Note 2) through (Note 4).
- (Note 2) SPT: 60% reduction of CO2 emission intensity borne by owners in logistics facilities (Scope 1 and 2) as of 2024 compared to 2016

  Applicable period: From the beginning of the first interest calculation period that falls after the end of July 2025 until the principal repayment date
  - (i) If emissions intensity is reduced by 60% (Achievement of SPT): Initial interest rate 0.01%
  - (ii) If the emissions intensity increases compared to 2016 (SPT Not Achieved): Initial interest rate + 0.01%

If neither (i) nor (ii) applies (SPT Not Achieved): Initial interest rate

(Note 3) SPT: 90% reduction of CO2 emission intensity borne by owners in logistics facilities (Scope 1 and 2) as of 2027 compared to 2016

Applicable period: From the beginning of the first interest calculation period that falls after the end of July 2028 until the principal repayment date

- (i) If emissions intensity is reduced by 90% (Achievement of SPT): Initial interest rate 0.02%
- (ii) If the emissions intensity increases compared to 2016 (SPT Not Achieved): Initial interest rate + 0.02%

If neither (i) nor (ii) applies (SPT Not Achieved): Initial interest rate

(Note 4) SPT: 100% reduction of CO2 emission intensity borne by owners in logistics facilities (Scope 1 and 2) as of 2030 compared to 2016

Applicable period: From the beginning of the first interest calculation period that falls after the end of July 2031 until the principal repayment date

- (i) If emissions intensity is reduced by 100% (Achievement of SPT): Initial interest rate 0.02%
- (ii) If the emissions intensity increases compared to 2016 (SPT Not Achieved): Initial interest rate + 0.02%

If neither (i) nor (ii) applies (SPT Not Achieved): Initial interest rate

- (Note 5) If each repayment date is not a business day, such repayment date shall be on the next business day. Provided, however, that such repayment date shall be on the preceding business day if such next business day falls into the next month.
- (Note 6) The lender name was changed on January 4, 2023, from Shinsei Bank, Limited to SBI Shinsei Bank, Limited.



# Independent auditor's report

To the Board of Directors of Mitsui Fudosan Logistics Park Inc.:

# Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Mitsui Fudosan Logistics Park Inc. ("the Company"), which comprise the balance sheets as at January 31, 2023 and July 31, 2022, the statements of income, statements of changes in net assets and statements of cash flows for the six months period then ended January 31, 2023 and July 31, 2022, and notes, comprising a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as at January 31, 2023 and July 31, 2022, and its financial performance and cash flows for the six months period then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in Japan.

# **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in Japan. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Japan, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

# **Emphasis of Matter**

We draw attention to Note 15 to the financial statements that describes the Company's subsequent acquisitions of a property, and borrowing of funds. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

# **Other Information**

The other information comprises the information included in the Asset Management Report, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Management is responsible for the preparation and presentation of the other information. Supervisory directors are responsible for overseeing the director's performance of his duties with regard to the design, implementation and maintenance of the reporting process for the other information.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

# Responsibilities of Management and Supervisory Directors for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in Japan, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in Japan.

Supervisory directors are responsible for overseeing the executive director's performance of his duties with regard to the design, implementation and maintenance of the Company's financial reporting process.

# Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in Japan will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in Japan, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- · Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures

that are appropriate in the circumstances, while the objective of the audit is not to express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate whether the presentation and disclosures in the financial statements are in accordance with accounting standards generally accepted in Japan, the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the executive director regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the executive director with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and communicate with him all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

# Interest required to be disclosed by the Certified Public Accountants Act of Japan

We do not have any interest in the Company which is required to be disclosed pursuant to the provisions of the Certified Public Accountants Act of Japan.

浮藤治之

Hiroyuki Itoh

Designated Engagement Partner

Certified Public Accountant

岡田英樹

Hideki Okada

Designated Engagement Partner

Certified Public Accountant

KPMG AZSA LLC Tokyo Office, Japan May 19, 2023

# **Disclaimer**

This document contains translations of selected information described in the Securities Report (Yuka shoken hokokusho) filed on pursuant to the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act of Japan, and the Asset Management Report (Shisan unyou houkoku) for the period from August 1, 2022 to January 31, 2023, of Mitsui Fudosan Logistics Park Inc. prepared pursuant to the Investment Trust Act of Japan.

This English-language document was prepared solely for the convenience of and reference by overseas investors, and is not intended to be an offer for the sale, or solicitation of an offer to make a purchase, of any securities of Mitsui Fudosan Logistics Park Inc. It neither corresponds to the original Japanese documents nor is intended to constitute a disclosure document. The Japanese-language Securities Report and the Asset Management Report for the aforementioned period should always be referred to as originals of this document.

English terms for Japanese legal, accounting, tax and business concepts used herein may not be precisely identical to the concept of the equivalent Japanese terms. With respect to any and all terms herein, including without limitation, financial statements, if there exist any discrepancies in the meaning or interpretation thereof between the original Japanese documents and English statements contained herein, the original Japanese documents will always govern the meaning and interpretation. None of Mitsui Fudosan Logistics Park Inc., Mitsui Fudosan Logistics REIT Management Co., Ltd. or any of their respective directors, officers, employees, partners, unitholders/shareholders, agents or affiliates will be responsible or liable for the completeness, appropriateness or accuracy of English translations or the selection of the portions of any documents translated into English. No person has been authorized to give any information or make any representations other than as contained in this document in relation to the matters set out in this document, and if given or made, such information or representation must not be relied upon as having been authorized by Mitsui Fudosan Logistics Park Inc., Mitsui Fudosan Logistics REIT Management Co., Ltd. or any of their respective directors, officers, employees, partners, unitholders/shareholders, agents or affiliates.

The financial statements of Mitsui Fudosan Logistics Park Inc. have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in Japan (Japanese GAAP), which may materially differ in certain respects from generally accepted accounting principles in other jurisdictions.

Many provisions of this document contain forward-looking statements and information. We base these statements on our beliefs as well as our assumptions based solely on certain limited information currently available to us.

The forward-looking statements in this document are based on assumptions about the business of Mitsui Fudosan Logistics Park Inc. and are subject to various risks and uncertainties. Please be aware that actual financial conditions, operating results and businesses may differ materially from such forward-looking statements. Mitsui Fudosan Logistics Park Inc. does not intend and disclaims any duty or obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statements contained in this document to reflect new information, future events or otherwise. Investors should not place undue reliance on the forward-looking statements contained in this document.

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